



ROMANIAN ENERGY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

DEPARTMENT OF MONITORING. REMIT



REPORT ON RESULTS OF MONITORING THE ROMANIAN ELECTRICITY MARKET MAY 2018

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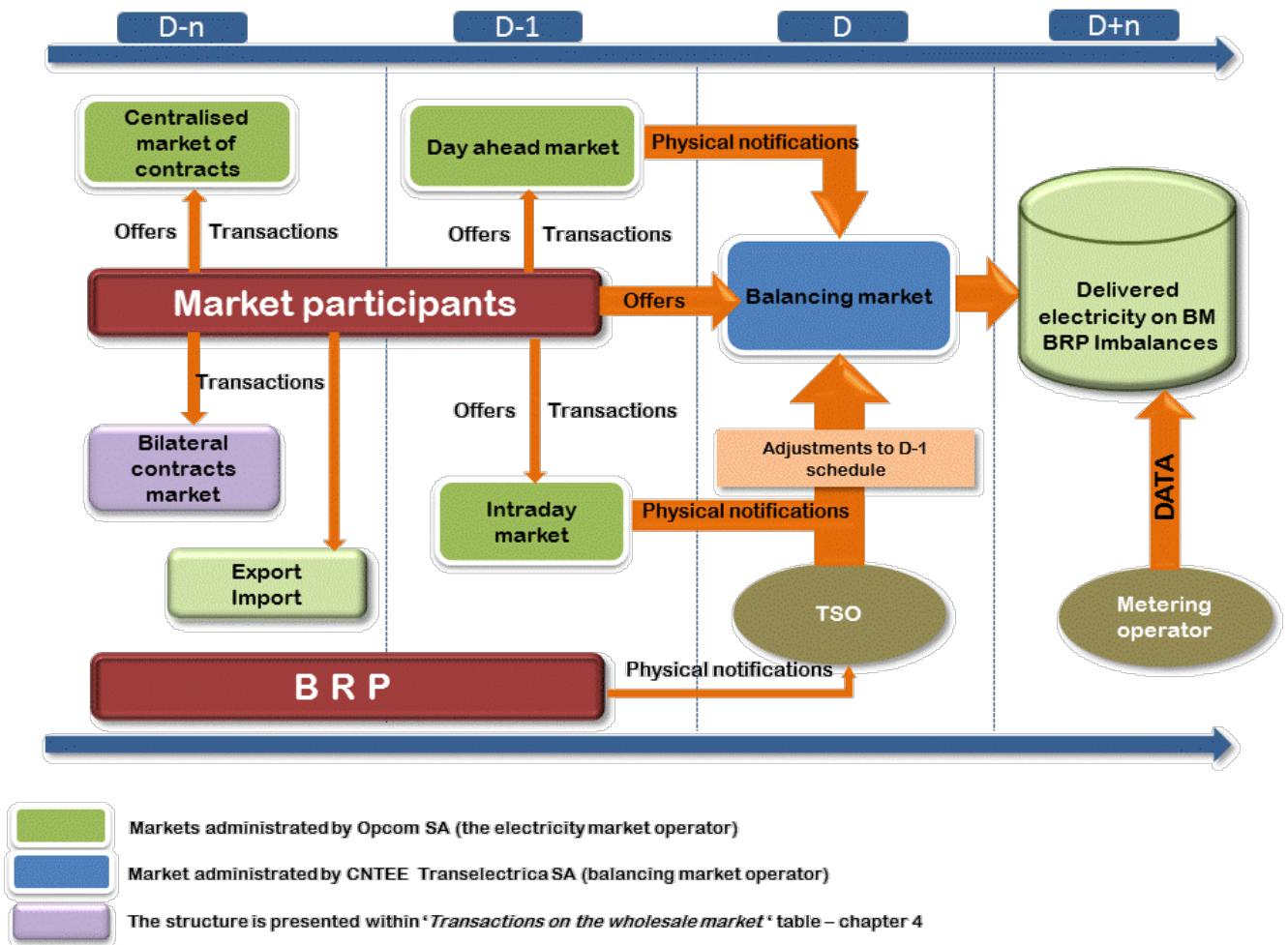
I. MAIN EVENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ROMANIAN ELECTRICITY MARKET

- **GD 365/1998** – vertically integrated monopol – RENEL – was split into separated distribution and supply companies (SC Electrica SA) and generation companies (SC Termoelectrica SA and SC Hidroelectrica SA) were established within a new company - CONEL SA. Two other electricity generators (SN Nuclearelectrica SA and RAAN) were separately established;
- Transmission, system services and market administration were separately organised, within CONEL SA;
- the relationships between parties within the electricity sector were settled based on contracts;
- **GD 122/2000** – electricity market opens at 10%;
- **GD 627/2000** – CONEL holding is dissolved;
- **September 2000** – launch of the compulsory electricity spot market in Romania, administrated by OPCOM and organized based on pool model;
- **GD 1342/2001** – SC Electrica SA splits in 8 subsidiaries for electricity distribution and supply;
- **GD 1524/2002** – SC Termoelectrica SA reorganizes in several separate legal entities for generation;
- July 2005 – launch of the new market model, based on:
 - voluntary spot market. with both sides offers and bilateral settlement;
 - compulsory balancing market. with TSO as single counterparty;
 - financial responsibilities of the balancing are allocated to the BRP;
- **GD 644/2005** – electricity market opens at 83.5%;
- **December 2005** – launch of the green certificates market;
- **December 2005** – launch of the centralized market for bilateral contracts;
- **March 2007** – launch of the centralized market for partially standardized bilateral contracts with continuous negotiation;
- **GD 638/2007** – fully opening of electricity and gas markets;
- **July 2007** – rules for capacity market have been established;
- **July 2008** – launch of the mechanism of direct debit and guarantee for electricity transactions on the day-ahead market (OPCOM as central counterparty);
- **August 2008** – process of legal unbundling of distribution and supply companies has been concluded;
- **August/October 2010** – launch of bilateral coordinated auctions for capacity allocation on interconnections with Hungary and Bulgaria;
- **July 2011** - launch of the intraday market;
 - GD 930/2010 – SC Electrica Furnizare SA had been established through merger of the former last resort suppliers Electrica Furnizare Muntenia Nord, Electrica Furnizare Transilvania Nord and Electrica Furnizare Transilvania Sud;
- **June 2012** – a new entity obtains the generation license and enters on the electricity market - Complexul Energetic Oltenia SA, established in a dual system through merger of the former SNLO Tg. Jiu, Complexul Energetic Turceni, Complexul Energetic Rovinari and Complexul Energetic Craiova (GD 1024/2011);
- **July 2012** – the Law of electricity and natural gas no. 123/2012 has enter into force;
- **September 2012** – the application of the first stage from the timetable of phasing out of regulated electricity tariffs to final customers who choose not to exercise their eligibility rights, in accordance with the obligations assumed by the Romanian Government in relation with the IMF, World Bank and European Commission;
- **October 2012** – the Law no. 160/2012 regarding the organisation and operation of the Romanian Energy Regulatory Authority has entered into force;
- **November 2012** - a new entity obtains the generation license and enters on the electricity market - Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA. established through merger of the former Electrocentrale Deva and Electrocentrale Paroseni (GD 1023/2011);
- **December 2012** – launch of the organised electricity market for the large customers;
- **July 2013** – launch of centralized market trading with continuous double negotiation of bilateral contracts for electricity;

- **August 2013** – removal of injection transmission tariff for the imported and respectively of the extraction transmission tariff for the exported quantities. and of the corresponding system services;
- **December 2013** – removal of the export tariffs applied by the electricity market operator;
 - certification with conditions for CNTEE Tranelectrica SA as an independent transmission and system operator;
 - application of last stage of the phasing out calendar for removal the regulated tariffs applied to the final nonhousehold clients who do not use their eligibility rights;
- **August 2014** – CNTEE Tranelectrica SA certification as NES transmission system operator following the „independent system operator” model;
- **October 2014** – entry into force of the Law no. 127/2014 for amending the Law no. 123/2012;
- **November 2014** – the launch of the CZ-SK-HU-RO market coupling project. that encompasses the DAM markets from the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary and Romania;
- **January 2015** – entry into force of the new centralized market for bilateral contracts with its components: Extended Auctions Mechanism (CMBC–EA), Continuous Negotiation Mechanism (CMBC–CN), Fuel Processing Mechanism (CMBC–FP);
- **February 2015** – implementing the centralized market for universal service;
- **November 2016** - entry into force of the Law no. 203/2016 amending the Law no. 123/2012 on electricity and natural gas.

II. WHOLESALE ELECTRICITY MARKET

1. Structure of the wholesale electricity market



2. Participants on the wholesale electricity market

The market participants*) acting on the electricity market in May 2018 are presented below split into categories:

No.	Category	No.	Category
A Electricity generators on classic sources operating dispatching units		D Electricity generators on solar source operating dispatching units	
1	Bepco SRL	1	Blue Sand Investment SRL
2	CET Arad SA	2	Caracal Solar Alpha SRL
3	CET Govora SA	3	Casa Crang SRL
4	CE Humedoara SA	4	Che Solar SRL
5	CE Oltenia SA	5	Corabia Solar SRL
6	Contour Global Solutions SRL	6	Cujmir Solar SRL
7	Ecogen Energy SA	7	Delta & Zeta Energy SRL
8	Electrocentrale București SA	8	Ecosfer Energy SRL
9	Electrocentrale Constanța SA	9	Energio Proiect SRL
10	Electrocentrale Galați SA	10	Eye Mall SRL
11	Electro Energy Sud SRL	11	Fort Green Energy SRL
12	Enet Focsani SA	12	Foton Epsilon SRL
13	Gas Energy Ecotherm SA	13	Gama & Delta Energy SRL
14	Lukoil Energy & Gaz Romania SRL	14	GPSB Solaris 48 SRL
15	Modern Calor SA	15	Greenlight Solution SRL
16	OMV Petrom SA	16	Green Vision Seven
17	Ruhmenti SA	17	Kentax Energy SRL
18	SNGN Romgaz SA	18	Lemar Grup SRL
19	Termoficare Oradea SA	19	LJG Green Source Energy Alpha SA
20	Veolia Energie Iași SRL	20	LJG Green Source Energy Beta SRL
21	Veolia Energie Prahova SRL	21	LJG Green Source Energy Gamma SRL
22	Vest Energo SA	22	Long Bridge Milenium SRL
B Electricity generators on wind source operating dispatching units		23	Mar-Tin Solar Energy SRL
1	Alizeu Eolian SA	24	Potehu Solar SRL
2	Arima Development SRL	25	Power L.I.V.E. One SRL
3	Blue Line Energy SRL	26	RA-RA PARC SRL
4	Blue Planet Investments SRL	27	Romkumulo SRL
5	Braila Winds SRL	28	Simico Prod Factory SRL
6	Bridgeconstruct SRL	29	Skybase Energy SRL
7	Catalan Electric SRL	30	Solar Electric Frasinet SRL
8	Cemavoda Power SRL	31	Solar Future Energy SRL
9	Corni Eolian SRL	32	Solaria Green Energy SRL
10	Crucea Wind Farm SRL	33	Solprim SRL
11	Dan Holding MGM SRL	34	Spectrum Tech SRL
12	Eco Power Wind SRL	35	Studina Solar SRL
13	Ecoenergia SRL	36	Sun Energy Complet SA
14	EDPR Romania SRL	37	Tis Energy SRL
15	Electrica Serv SRL	38	Tinnar Green Energy SRL
16	Electricom SA	39	Urdel Enery SRL
17	Elektra Green Power SRL	40	Vanju Mare Solar SRL
18	Elektra Wind Power SRL	41	Varokub Energy Development SRL
19	Enel Green Power Romania SRL	42	VIR Company International SRL
20	Energia Verde Ventuno SRL	43	VIS Solaris 2011 SRL
21	Enex SRL	44	Vrsh Pro Investments SRL
22	Eol Energy SRL	45	WDP Development RO SRL
23	Eol Energy Moldova SRL	46	Xalandine Energy SRL
24	Eolian Center SRL	47	XPV SRL
25	Eolica Dobrogea One SRL	E Electricity generators on hydro source operating dispatching units	
26	EP Wind Project (ROM) SIX SA	1	Hidroelectrica SA
27	Eviva Nalbant SRL	F Electricity generator on nuclear source operating dispatching units	
28	Ewind SRL	1	SN Nuclearelectrica SA
29	General Concrete Cemavoda SRL	G Transmission System Operator	
30	Green Energy Farm SRL	1	CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA
31	Ground Investment Corp SRL	H Market Operator for DAM, Intra-Day, Centralised Markets - CMBC-EA, CMBC-CN, CMBC-PP, CM-OTC, CMUS	
32	Holrom Renewable Energy SRL	1	OPCOM SA
33	Horia Green SRL	I Distribution operators	
34	Intertrans Karla SRL	1	Distributie Energie Oltenia
35	Kelavent Charlie SRL	2	Delgaz Grid
36	Kelavent Echo SRL	3	E-Distributie Banat
37	Land Power SRL	4	E-Distributie Dobrogea
38	LC Business SRL	5	E-Distributie Muntenia
39	M&M 2008 SRL	6	SDEE Muntenia Nord
40	Mireasa Energies SRL	7	SDEE Transilvania Nord
41	East Wind Farm SRL	8	SDEE Transilvania Sud
42	Ovidiu Development SRL	J Suppliers of Last Resort	
43	Peștera Wind Farm SRL	1	CEZ Vanzare SA
44	Romconstruct Top SRL	2	ENEL Energie SA
45	Sibioara Wind Farm SRL	3	E.ON Energie Romania SA
46	Smart Clean Power SRL	4	ENEL Energie Muntenia SA
47	Smartbreeze SRL	5	Electrica Fumizare SA
48	Soft Grup SRL		
49	Tomis Team SRL		
50	Verbund Wind Power Romania SRL		
51	Wind Park Invest SRL		
52	Windfarm MV I SRL		
53	VS Wind Farm SRL		
No.	Category		
C Electricity generators on biomass source operating dispatching units			
1	Bioenergy Suceava SRL		

No.	Category	No.	Category
K	Electricity Suppliers acting exclusively on the wholesale market		Electricity Suppliers acting also on the retail market
1	Alpiq Energy SE	18	EFT Furnizare SRL
2	CEZ as	19	Energia Gas & Power SRL
3	Danske Commodities/a/s Aarhus	20	Energy Trade Activ SRL
4	EDF Trading Limited	21	Electric Planners SRL
5	Energo-Pro Trading EAD	22	Electrificare CFR SRL
6	Elpetra Energy E.A.D.	23	Elsid SA
7	Energi Danmark A/S	24	Electrocarbon SA
8	Energy Supply & Trade D.O.O	25	Electromagnetica SA
9	Eolian Project SRL	26	Enel Trade Romania SRL
10	EVN Trading South East Europe	27	Energy Distribution Services SRL
11	Ezpada SRO	28	Engie Romania SA
12	Flavus Investitii SRL	29	Enol Grup SA
13	Freepoint Commodities Europe Ltd	30	Entrex Services SRL
14	General Energetic	31	Eolian Generator SRL
15	GEN I trgovanje in prodaja elektricne energije doo	32	E.V.A. Energy SRL
16	Holding_ Slovenske_ Elektrarne	33	GDM Logistic SRL
17	Interenergo Energetski, Inzeniring d.o.o.	34	Getica 95 COM SRL
18	JAS Energy Trading s.r.o.	35	Grenerg SRL
19	Lord Energy SRL	36	Hermes Energy International SRL
20	MVM Partner Zrt	37	ICCO Energ SRL
21	Neas Energy A/S	38	ICPE Electrocond Technologies SA
22	Neptun SA	39	Imperial Development SRL
23	Nis Petrol SRL	40	Industrial Energy SA
24	OMV Gas Marketing & Trading GmbH	41	Izvor de Lumina SRL
25	Petrol, Slovenska energetska druzba	42	Luxten LC SA
26	Photovoltaic Green Project SRL	43	Menarom PEC SRL
27	Statkraft Markets GmbH	44	MET Romania Energy SA
28	Transenergo Com SA	45	Midas&CO SRL
29	Unit Energy Trade SRL	46	Monsson Trading SRL
30	Verbund Trading Romania SRL	47	Next Power SRL
		48	Next Energy Parteners SRL
L	Electricity Suppliers acting also on the retail market	49	Nova Power&Gas SRL
1	Absolute Energy SRL	50	P.C. Management & Consulting SRL
2	Aderro G.P. Energy SRL	51	Plenerg SRL
3	A Energy Ind SRL	52	Power Clouds SRL
4	Alive Capital SRL	53	QIA Energy SRL
5	Alpiq RomIndustries SRL	54	QMB Energy SRL
6	Alro SA	55	RCS&RDS SA
7	Aqua Energia SA	56	Renovatio Trading SRL
8	Anchor Grup SA	57	Restart Energy One SRL
9	Axpo Energy Romania SRL	58	Romelectro SA
10	Apuron Energy SRL	59	RWE Energie SRL
11	Ciga Energy SA	60	Stock Energy SRL
12	Cotroceni Park SA	61	Tinnar Energy SA
13	Crest Energy SRL	62	Transformer Energy Supply SRL
14	Curent Alternativ SRL	63	Unistil SRL
15	CYEB SRL	64	Uzinsider General Contractor SA
16	Eco2Energy Choice SRL	65	Veolia Energie România SA
17	EFE Energy SRL	66	Werk Energy SRL

*) The electricity market participants report to ANRE technical/commercial data according to the *Methodology of wholesale electricity market monitoring for assessing the competition level on market and preventing the abuse of dominant position*, approved by ANRE Order no. 67/2018 as well as to the *Methodology of retail electricity market monitoring*, approved by ANRE Order no. 60/2008. The table does not include the Balancing Responsible Parties (BRP). The BRP updated list is published on the Balancing Market Operator website - www.transelectrica.ro.

The monitored electricity generation license holders are producers holding dispatchable groups, which, according to the Regulation of Programming of production units and dispatchable consumers, approved by the Order of the ANRE President no. 32/2013 are classified under the following power categories:

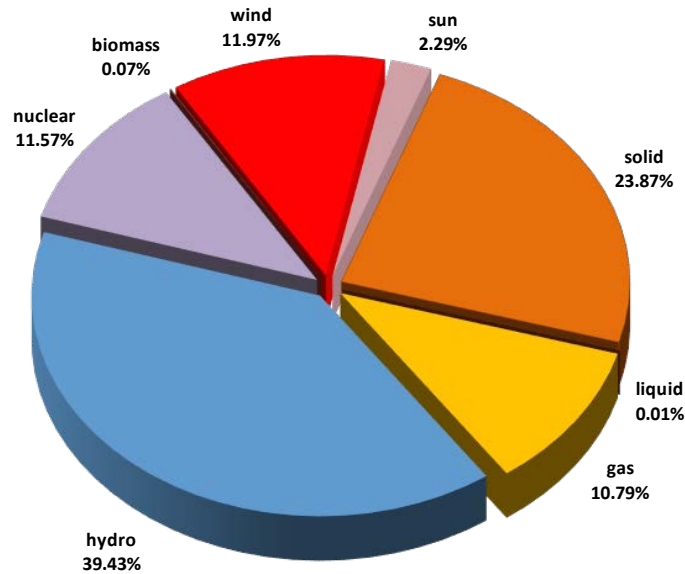
ANRE monitors the market activity of the generators with dispatchable units, according to the Regulation of scheduling the dispatchable generation units and consumption units, the considered generation units are:

- a. hydro generation group with installed power higher than 10 MW;
- b. thermal generation group (including biomass and nuclear) with installed power higher than 20 MW;
- c. wind, photovoltaic or internal combustion engine with installed power higher than 5 MW.

Electricity Suppliers acting exclusively on the wholesale market category include supplying license owners who act only on wholesale market and owners of a trading license issued according ANRE Order no. 13/2015 for approval the "General conditions associated to trading electricity license".

3. Generation structure of National Energy System on resources types

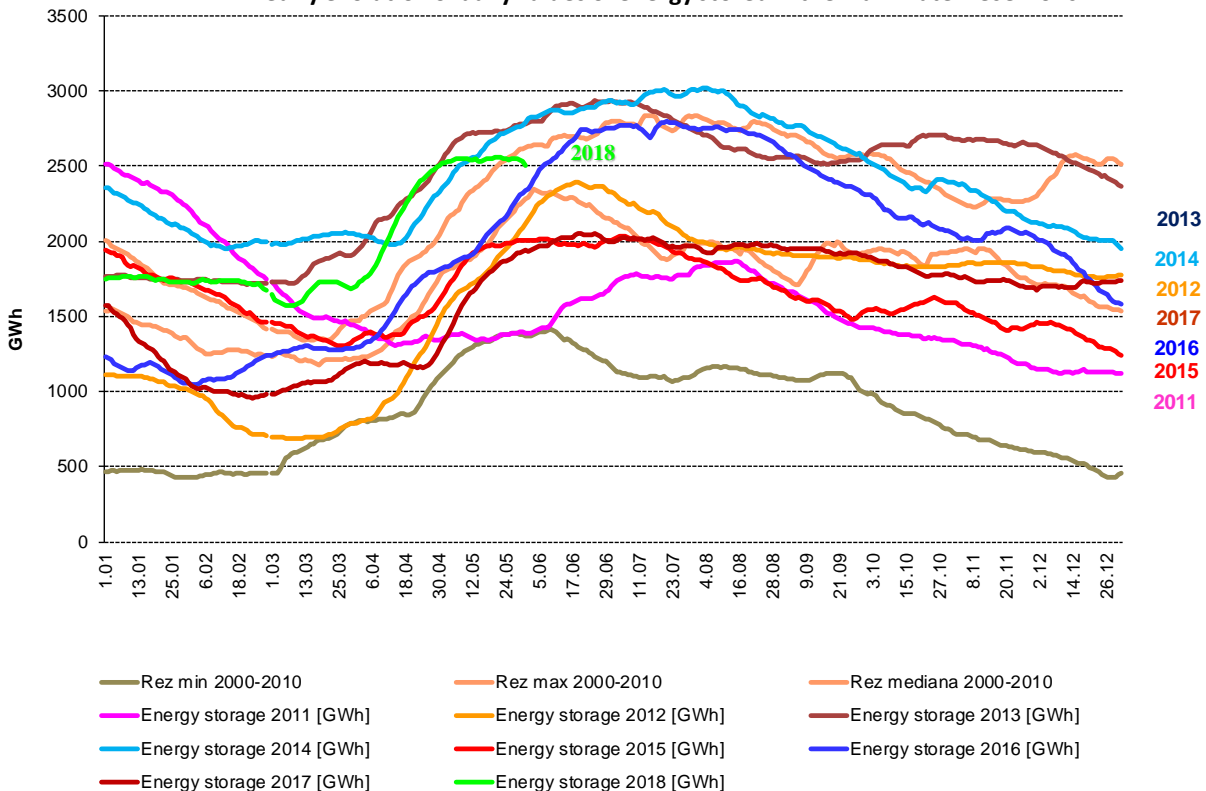
Electricity structure by primary sources
(delivered by generators with dispatchable units)
- May 2018 -



Source: Monthly reports of generators – processed by MU

The electricity generated from hydro resources and the energy stored in the main water reservoirs is directly correlated. The following graph presents the evolution of daily amounts of energy storage during May 2018 compared to the daily values of the last 7 years and compared to minimum, maximum and median values from 2000-2010.

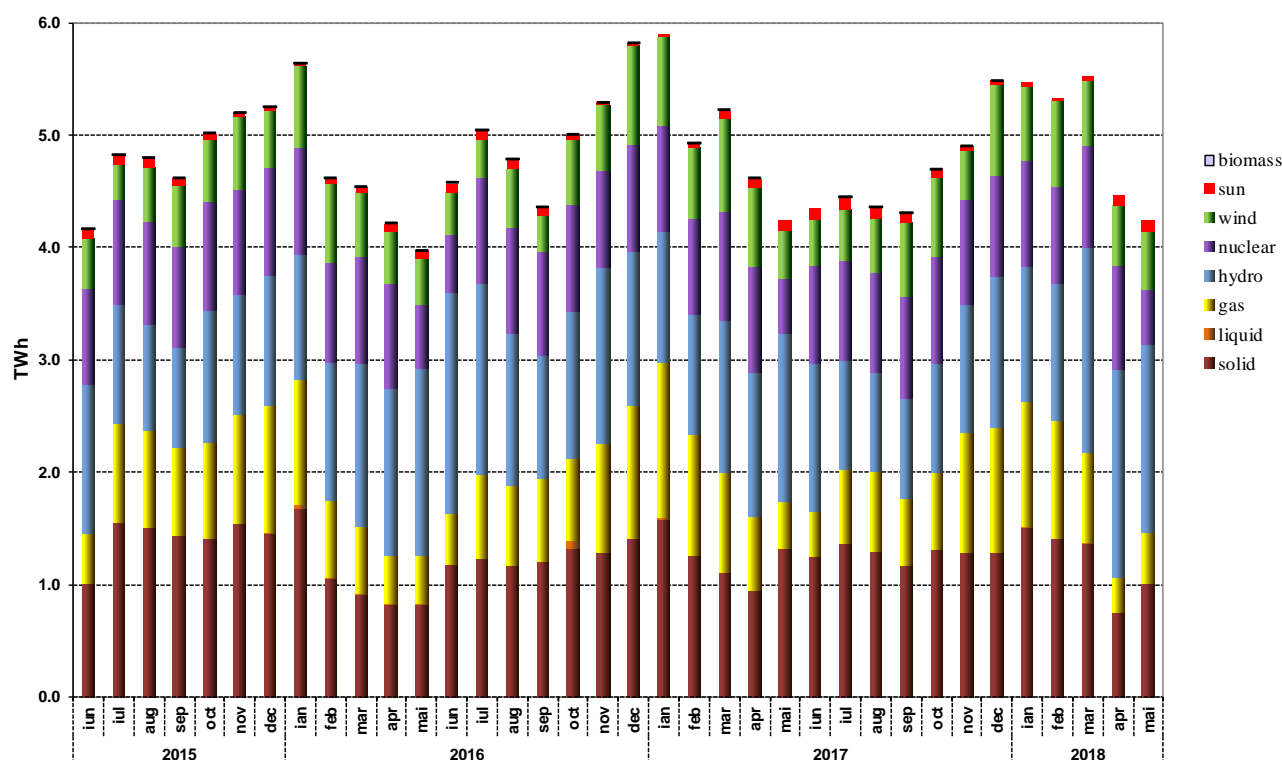
Yearly evolution of daily values of energy stored in the main water reservoirs



Source: Monthly reports of S.C. Hidroelectrica S.A. – processed by MU

The evolution of the structure for the delivered electricity during the last 3 years is the following:

Evolution of electricity delivered by generators with dispatchable units by primary sources



Source: Monthly reports of generators – processed by MU

The following table presents the main data regarding the physical balance of electricity for May 2018 compared to data for the similar period of 2017:

Nr. Crt.	INDICATOR	UM	May 2017	May 2018	%	Jan-May 2017	Jan-May 2018	%
0	1	2	3	4	$5=4/3*100$	6	7	$8=7/6*100$
1	Generated electricity	TWh	4.50*	4.48	99.56	26.57	26.67	100.38
2	Delivered electricity	TWh	4.24	4.24	100.00	24.91*	25.08	100.68
3	Import	TWh	0.46	0.34	73.91	1.48	1.15	77.70
4	Export	TWh	0.49	0.32	65.31	3.30	2.70	81.82
5	Internal consumption (2+3-4)	TWh	4.20*	4.26	101.43	23.09*	23.53	101.91
6	Consumption of household customers:	TWh	0.99	1.01	102.02	5.39	5.47	101.48
6.1	on Universal Service regime	TWh	0.90	0.79	87.78	5.02	4.41	87.85
6.2	on the competitive market*	TWh	0.09	0.22	244.44	0.37	1.06	286.49
7	Consumption of non-households customers:	TWh	2.95	3.06	103.73	14.84	15.34	103.37
7.1	on US and last resort regime	TWh	0.08	0.08	100.00	0.54	0.44	81.48
7.2	on the competitive market	TWh	2.87	2.98	103.83	14.30	14.90	104.20
8	Transmission–Injection component	TWh	4.11	4.14	100.73	24.38*	24.53	100.62
9	Transmission–Extraction component	TWh	4.30	4.36	101.40	23.20*	23.58	101.64
10	Actual transmission grid losses	TWh	0.07	0.08	114.29	0.39	0.52	133.33
11	Heat generated for delivery	Tcal	544.82	462.85	84.95	7006.68	6626.67	94.58
12	Heat in co-generation	Tcal	437.46	366.47	83.77	5393.46	4940.79	91.61

Note:

1. The generated electricity and delivered electricity are presented according to the data reported by monitored generators, as they are defined as dispatchable in the Regulation of scheduling the dispatchable generation units and consumption units approved by the ANRE Order no. 32/2013;
 2. Data shown in the table neither include the energy produced by the generators who do not own dispatchable units (positions 1 & 2) nor the energy delivered to the customers directly connected to the power plants (positions 6 & 7);
 3. The imported/exported quantities do not comprise transits and cross-border exchange of CNTEE Transelectrica SA with neighboring countries in order to ensuring the balance of the national energy system;
 4. The electricity quantity for applying the injection tariff is the electricity delivered by the generation units with installed capacity higher than 5 MW linked to the transmission network and distribution network;
 5. Households customers consumption for universal service regime represents electricity consumption invoiced at regulated tariff and "Competitive Market Component" (CMC) tariff.
- *The differences from the Electricity Market Monitoring Report in April 2017 are determined by the processing of the corrections reported by the economic operators.

4. Transactions' structure on the wholesale electricity market

The size of wholesale market depends on the sum of all transactions performed by the market players, exceeding the quantities physically transmitted from generation to consumption; the total transactions include also resale transactions made in order to match the contractual obligations and to obtain financial benefit.

When entering into force, the Law no. 123/2012 on Electricity and Natural Gas has set the general principle that energy competitive market and electricity transactions should take place in a transparent, public, centralized and non-discriminatory way. Therefore, all the new transactions have to be the result of participation on the centralized markets administrated by Opcom SA, the only owner of a license issued by ANRE for the electricity market operation in Romania. The centralized markets which are presently functional are DAM (Day Ahead Market), CMBC (centralized market of bilateral contracts with Extended Auction mechanism-EA, with Continuous Negotiation mechanism-CN, with Fuel Processing mechanism -FP), ID (Intraday Market), CM-OTC – (Centralized Market with Double Continuous Negotiation for Electricity Bilateral Contracts), CM-LCM (Large Consumers mechanism) and CMUS (Centralized Market for Universal Service).

Besides the existing centralized markets operated by Opcom SA (which ensure the transparent, public, centralized and non-discriminatory character required by the Law) there still exist bilateral negotiated contracts concluded before the entering into force of the Law still pending, export and import contracts and regulated contracts with regulated quantities and prices, based on ANRE decisions concluded between a number of generators and the suppliers of last resort.

Following the entering into force of the Law no. 23/2014 subsequent to Law no. 220/2008 for establishing the system for promoting producing electricity from renewable energy sources, modified and completed by Law no. 122/2015, a specific range of RES generators may conclude negotiated bilateral contracts as follows:

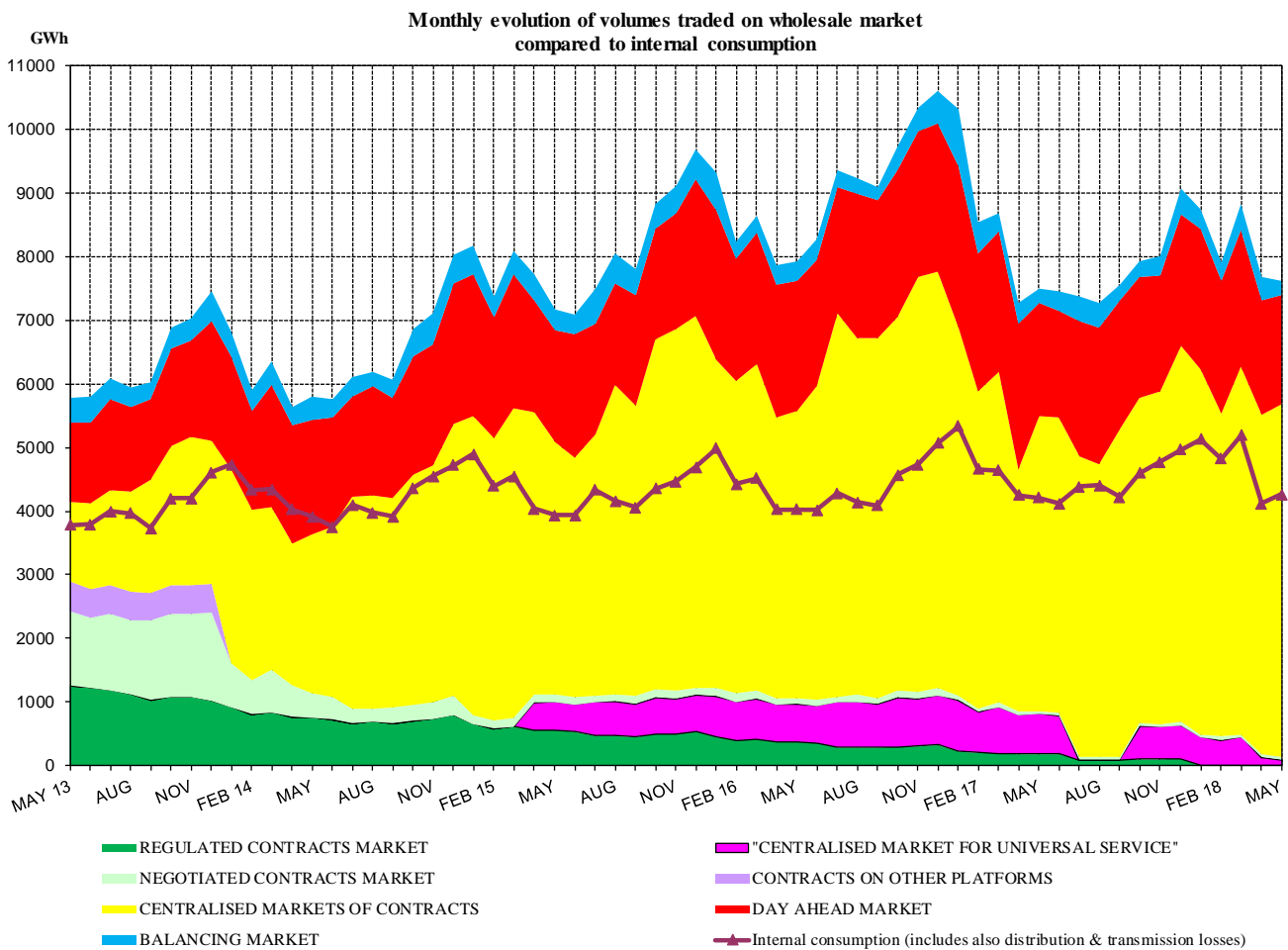
- those owning power plants that benefit from the promotion system and having installed capacity less than 1 MW/generator and less than 2 MW/generator for biomass high efficiency cogeneration, but only with suppliers for final customers;
- those owning power plants that benefit from the promotion system and having installed capacity between 1 and 3 MW/generator and between 2 and 3 MW/generator for biomass high efficiency cogeneration, but only if they are considered small or medium enterprises, according to the Law no. 346/2004.

The following table presents the volumes traded and the average prices on each type of contracts and on the main components of the wholesale market, compared to the previous month and the similar month from last year. The aggregated volumes and the average prices on negotiated contracts are those reported by market participants on their own responsibility and should, with the exception of the contracts concluded based on provisions of Law no. 23/2014 and Law 122/2015, reflect only the ongoing contracts which had been concluded before Law no. 123/2012 entered into force.

TRANSACTIONS ON THE WHOLESALE MARKET	April 2018	May 2018	May 2017
1. BILATERAL CONTRACTS' MARKET			
traded volume (GWh)	40	37	220
average price (lei/MWh)	137.47	165.40	120.22
% from internal consumption (%)	1.0	0.9	5.2
1.1. Sales on regulated contracts			
traded volume (GWh)			179
average price (lei/MWh)	-	-	111.34
% from internal consumption (%)			4.3
1.2. Sales on negotiated contracts¹⁾			
traded volume (GWh)	40	37	40
average price (lei/MWh)	137.47	165.40	159.48
% from internal consumption (%)	1.0	0.9	1.0
2. EXPORT			
traded volume (GWh) ²⁾	548	322	490
average price (lei/MWh)	128.48	179.60	171.77
% from internal consumption (%)	13.4	7.6	11.7
3. CENTRALIZED MARKETS OF CONTRACTS			
traded volume (GWh)	5340	5550	4651*
average price (lei/MWh)	173.89	175.45	154.73
% from internal consumption (%)	130.1	130.2	110.6
3.1. Extended auction mechanism CMBC-EA³⁾			
traded volume (GWh)	1955	1925	1663*
average price (lei/MWh)	176.88	176.85	157.04*
% from internal consumption (%)	47.6	45.1	39.5
3.2. Continuous negotiation mechanism CMBC-CN³⁾			
traded volume (GWh)	930	1015	733
average price (lei/MWh)	186.38	184.96	155.47
% from internal consumption (%)	22.7	23.8	17.4
3.3. CM-OTC mechanism³⁾			
traded volume (GWh)	2455	2610	2255
average price (lei/MWh)	166.78	170.71	152.78
% from internal consumption (%)	59.8	61.2	53.6
4. CENTRALIZED MARKET FOR UNIVERSAL SERVICE - CMUS			
traded volume (GWh)	127	94	632
average price (lei/MWh)	166.68	174.39	161.64
% from internal consumption (%)	3.1	2.2	15.0
5. DAY AHEAD MARKET			
traded volume (GWh)	1802	1706	1764
average price (lei/MWh) ⁴⁾	121.28	189.52	193.61
% from internal consumption (%)	43.9	40.0	41.9
6. INTRADAY MARKET			
traded volume (GWh)	15.7	16.3	10.6
average price (lei/MWh) ⁵⁾	59.86	88.27	147.12
% from internal consumption (%)	0.4	0.4	0.3
7. BALANCING MARKET			
traded volume (GWh)	371	234	241
% from internal consumption (%)	9.0	5.5	5.7
upward volume (GWh)	85	113	121
average negative imbalance price(lei/MWh)	243.31	298.15	293.39
downward volume (GWh)	287	121	120
average positive imbalance price (lei/MWh)	25.71	38.60	31.18
INTERNAL CONSUMPTION (GWh) (distribution and transmission losses included)	4105	4264	4206

- Note:
- 1) Supply contracts to final customers and export contracts are not included as they are separately identified;
 - 2) Export volumes and price information correspond to those reported monthly by market participants and include the volumes exported by CNTEE Transelectrica as shipper for coupled DAM; in some cases those volumes are different from those notified in DAMAS platform;
 - 3) The monthly data are presented as reported by the participants for the electricity delivered in the respective month. These information refer both to transactions concluded previously on CMBC and CMBC-NC (ANRE Order 6/2011) and to transactions concluded on CMBC-EA and CMBC-NC (ANRE Order 78/2014) with delivery within the reported month;
 - 4) Price table calculated as the average of the hourly market closing price and it is published by Opcom SA. The average monthly price published by Opcom SA calculated as weighted average of the hourly market closing price with traded volumes was 195,75 lei/MWh in May 2018;
 - 5) The average monthly price is calculated based on monthly traded volume and transaction value published by OPCOM SA.
- *Differences compared to the Report on results of monitoring the Romanian electricity market – May 2017 are due to modified data reported by some participants

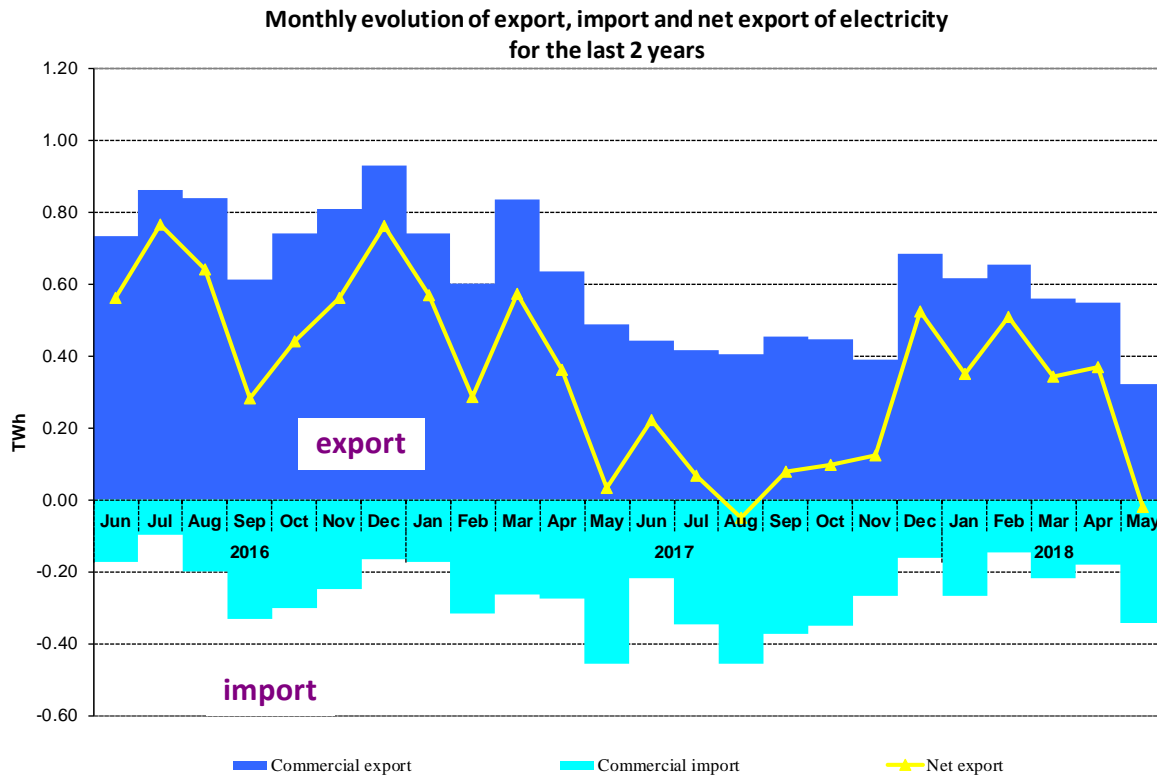
The percentage of electricity quantities from the internal consumption (see table from above) offers a dimensional reference for each of the specified markets. Prices include only the injection component of the transmission tariff, in this way being comparable within a month and making possible the comparison with the previous month. The following graph presents the evolution of the relation between the volumes sold on each market and the estimated internal consumption, Since May 2013.



Source: Monthly reports of wholesale market participants. Opcom SA and CNTEE Transelectrica SA – processed by MU

Note: In the above graph, the volumes traded on negotiated contracts' market do not include the export trades.

The following graph presents the monthly values of commercial export (quantities for which the extraction component of transmission tariff was applied), commercial import (quantities for which the injection component of transmission tariff was applied) and the net export (export minus import) during the last 24 months:

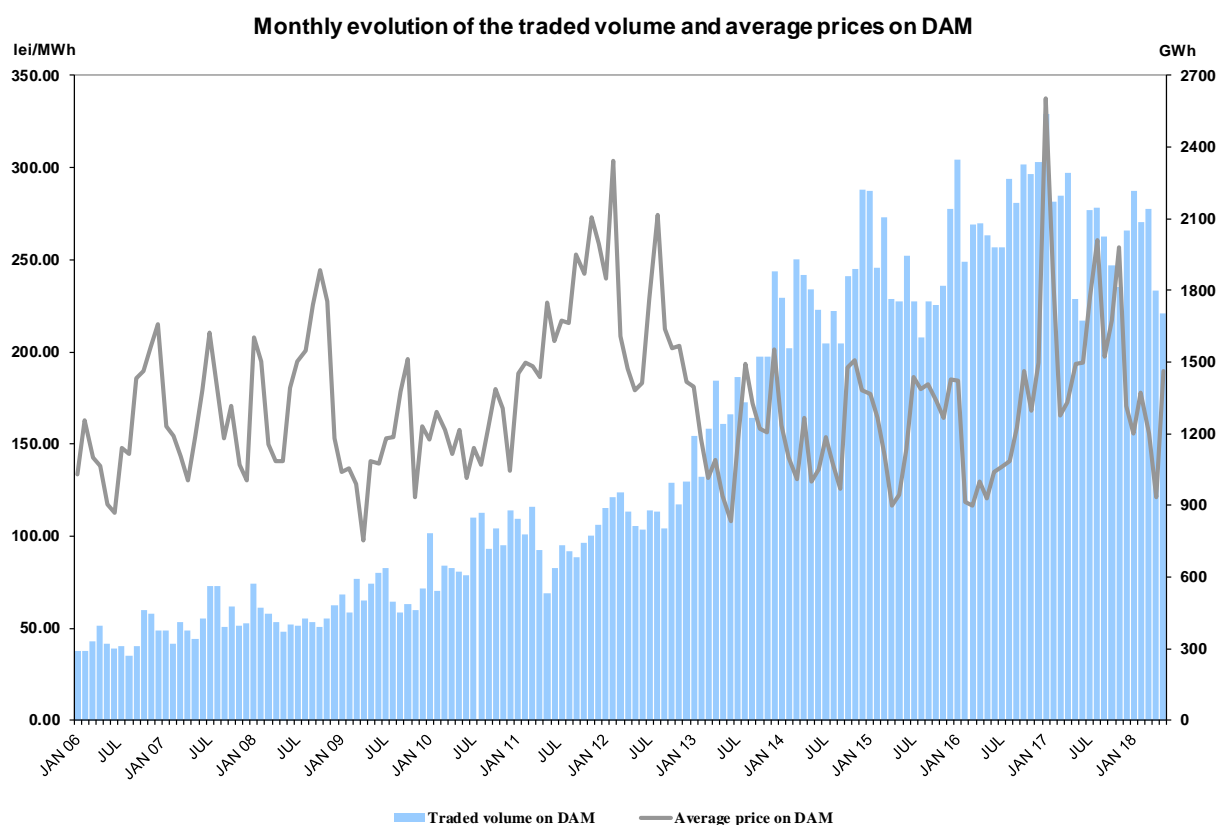


Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Tranelectrica SA – processed by MU

The following table presents commercial export and import transactions for electricity extracted/introduced from/in transmission network. These include transaction of CNTEE Tranelectrica SA as shipper agent in the price coupling mechanism of DAM, known as 4M MC. Shipper agent role is reflected in physical and commercial transfer of electricity for import/export on the interconnections between Romania and Hungary.

Import/Export Transactions	April 2018	May 2018	May 2017
Export			
traded volume (GWh)	548	322	490
average price (lei/MWh)	128.48	179.60	171.77
% from internal consumption	13.4	7.6	11.7
in which, for coupled DAM			
traded volume (GWh)	109	53	27
average price (lei/MWh)	82.42	179.18	145.65
% from internal consumption	2.7	1.2	0.6
Import			
traded volume (GWh)	180	343	457
average price (lei/MWh)	159.09	199.84	204.64
% from internal consumption	4.4	8.0	10.9
in which, for coupled DAM			
traded volume (GWh)	104	146	206
average price (lei/MWh)	156.22	189.94	200.00
% from internal consumption	2.5	3.4	4.9

The following graph presents the volumes and the monthly average prices on DAM starting with January 2006:



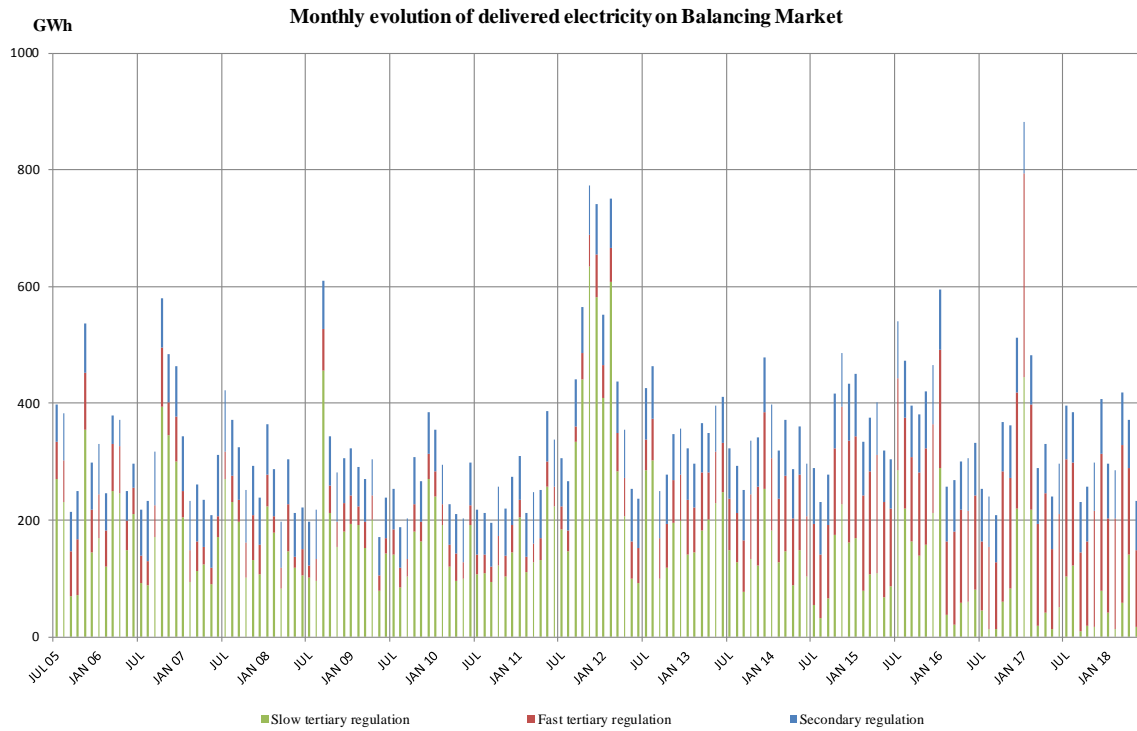
Source: Monthly reports of Opcom SA and CNTEE Tranelectrica SA – processed by MU

Balancing electricity is determined by the dispatch orders (accepted offers) received by generators. After settlement, the actual electricity delivered by generators on balancing market is determined based on the measured (approved) values; the relation between the accepted and delivered electricity in May 2018 is presented in the following table:

May 2018	Dispatch order (GWh)	Delivered electricity (GWh)	Deviation (%)
Secondary regulation	85	85	
<i>upward</i>	39	39	
<i>downward</i>	46	46	
Fast tertiary regulation	139	131	5
<i>upward</i>	76	73	4
<i>downward</i>	62	58	7
Slow tertiary regulation	18	17	3
<i>upward</i>	0	0	11
<i>downward</i>	17	17	3
TOTAL	242	234	
<i>upward</i>	116	113	
<i>downward</i>	125	121	
INTERNAL CONSUMPTION		4264	
% share of traded volumes from internal consumption		5.5%	

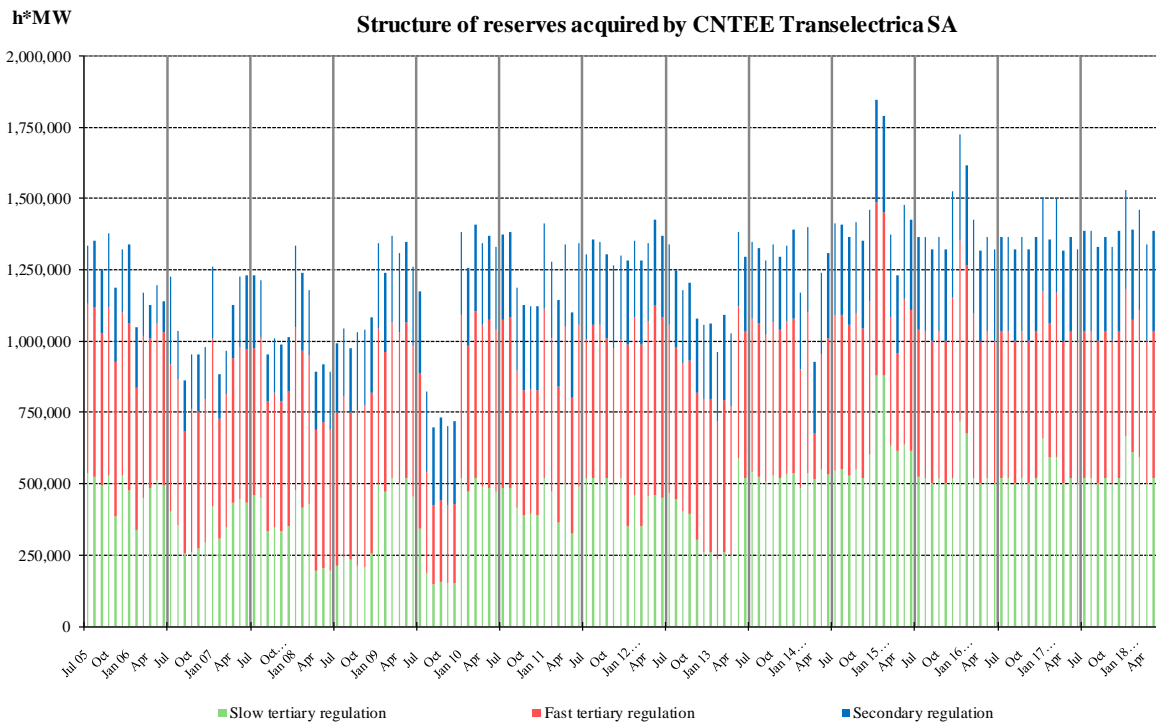
Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Tranelectrica SA – processed by MU

The structure of balancing electricity delivered in the system on each type of regulation starting with July 2005 is presented in the graph below:



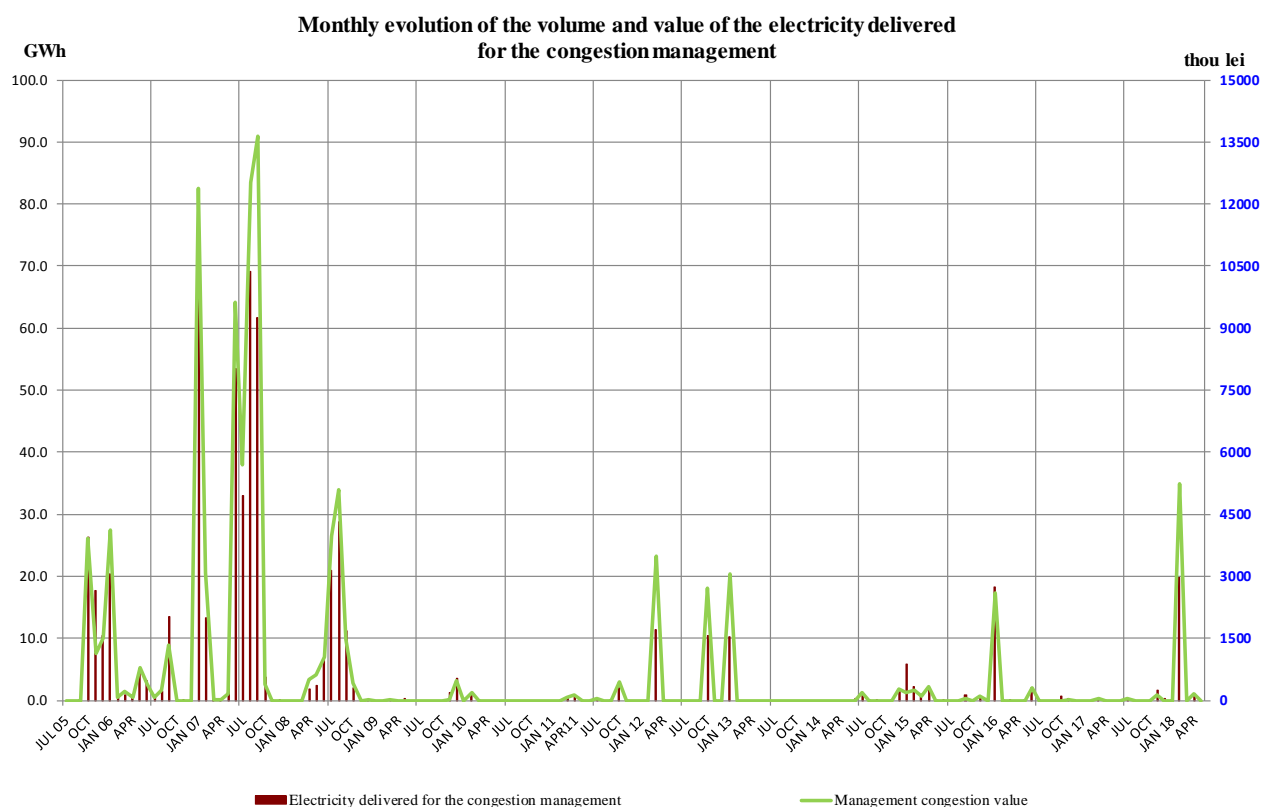
Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Tranelectrica SA – processed by M

The following chart shows the evolution of the reserves (technological system services - STS, representing the obligations of the producers to keep available to the dispatcher/offer on the market for balancing the contracted capacities) purchased/settled by CNTEE Tranelectrica S.A. for the period July 2005 - May 2018:



Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Tranelectrica SA – processed by MU

The following graph presents the evolution of electricity traded by CNTEE Transelectrica SA on the Balancing Market for covering the electricity used for congestion management (in order to solve the congestions occurred within the transmission grid) and the evolution of the values of these transactions starting from July 2005.



Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Transelectrica SA – processed by MU

5. Trading structure on the wholesale electricity market of different participant categories

Generators

In May 2018 compared with similar period of 2017, the structure of electricity sales obligations contracted before delivery interval by the electricity generators with dispatchable units was the following:

Transaction type	-GWh-	
	May 2017	May 2018
	1	2
Regulated contracts to suppliers of last resort - hydro generator	154.92	-
Regulated contracts to suppliers of last resort - nuclear generator	24.32	-
Negotiated contracts to suppliers	40.50	37.45
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	2624.38*	3538.55
CMBC-EA	1359.91*	1713.00
CMBC-CN	479.50	675.64
CM-OTC	784.97	1149.92
Centralized market for universal service	442.28	53.53
DAM	1024.90	819.26
Intraday	3.11	5.55
Supply contracts to final customers. from which:	451.58	444.90
Households*	0.35	0.30
Non-households	451.23	444.60
Total	4765.63*	4899.24

*Differences compared to the Report on results of monitoring the Romanian electricity market – May 2017 are due to modified data reported by some participants

Suppliers

In May 2018, 101 companies with main activity the supply of electricity, concluded transactions on the electricity market; from those, 30 suppliers traded exclusively on the wholesale market and 71 suppliers on both retail and wholesale markets (in this category there are also included the 5 suppliers of last resort which act on both retail and wholesale markets).

Suppliers acting exclusively on WEM

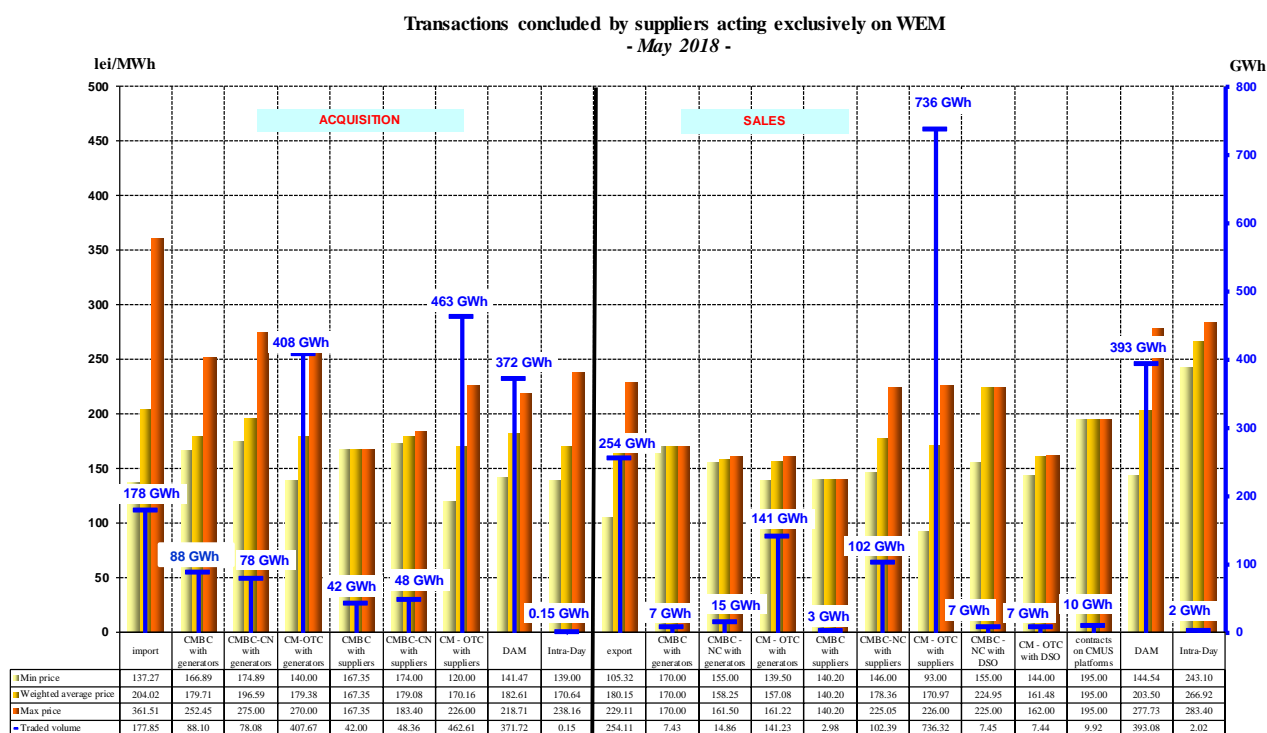
The following table shows the activity for May 2018 of the suppliers acting exclusively on WEM, acquisitions and sales being split by categories of markets participants, compared with similar period of 2017:

-GWh-

Transactions structure of suppliers acting exclusively on WEM	May 2017	May 2018
Purchase		
Import	247.50	177.85
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	1146.84	1126.82
- on CMBC-EA with generators	195.48	88.10
- on CMBC-CN with generators	103.32	78.08
- on CM-OTC with generators	366.57	407.67
- on CMBC-EA with other suppliers	0.26	42.00
- on CMBC-CN with other suppliers	31.70	48.36
- on CM-OTC with other suppliers	449.51	462.61
DAM	404.72	371.72
Intraday market	0.85	0.15
Sales		
Export	379.25	254.11
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	964.98	1020.08
- on CMBC-EA with generators	0.00	7.43
- on CM-OTC with generators	3.72	14.86
- on CMBC-EA with other suppliers	122.40	141.23
- on CMBC-CN with other suppliers	50.58	2.98
- on CM-OTC with other suppliers	100.99	102.39
- on CMBC-EA with DO	633.18	736.32
- on CMBC-CN with DO	0.00	7.45
- on CM-OTC with DO	36.26	7.44
- on CMBC-EA with TSO	17.86	0.00
CMUS with last resort suppliers	122.67	9.92
DAM	331.48	393.08
Intraday market	2.78	2.02

Source: Monthly reports of suppliers – processed by MU

In addition to the data from the table above, the following graph presents the minimum, average and maximum actual prices by categories of transactions completed by the suppliers acting exclusively on WEM (traders) in May 2018.



Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers – processed by MU

Active suppliers on REM (the suppliers of last resort are not included)

The following table presents aggregated information on transactions volume and structure for suppliers providing electricity to final customers, on the competitive market, for May 2018 compared with similar period of 2017:

-GWh -

Transactions' structure of suppliers acting on REM (suppliers of last resort excluded)	May 2017	May 2018
Purchase		
Import	3.35	18.91
Negotiated contracts with generators	42.64	41.62
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	2070.41	2107.76
- on CMBC-EA with generators	754.89	998.13
- on CMBC-CN with generators	250.91	328.95
- on CM-OTC with generators	229.56	265.91
- on CMBC-EA with other suppliers	125.09	84.65
- on CMBC-CN with other suppliers	104.71	68.92
- on CM-OTC with other suppliers	605.25	361.21
Negotiated contracts with undispachable generators (others than under Law 23/2014 and Law 122/2015)*	12.77	10.47
Negotiated contracts with undispachable generators (Law 23/2014 and Law 122/2015)**	39.73	31.48
DAM	335.89	468.19
Intraday market	5.03	13.15

Transactions' structure of suppliers acting on REM (suppliers of last resort excluded)	May 2017	May 2018
Sales		
Export	85.19	15.30
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	980.40	951.09
- on CMBC-EA with generators	27.81	10.17
- on CMBC-NC with generators	30.38	57.23
- on CM-OTC with generators	53.57	87.44
- on CMBC-EA with other suppliers	106.76	151.19
- on CMBC-NC with other suppliers	117.37	148.80
- on CM-OTC with other suppliers	544.42	447.41
- on CMBC-EA with DO	87.44	18.56
- on CMBC-NC with DO	0.75	8.19
- on CMBC-EA with TSO	11.90	21.35
- on CMBC-NC with TSO	0.00	0.74
CMUS with last resort suppliers	67.43	31.03
DAM	132.43***	240.39
Intraday market	1.18	0.57
Household customers***	13.65***	23.03
Non-household customers	1260.87***	1447.17

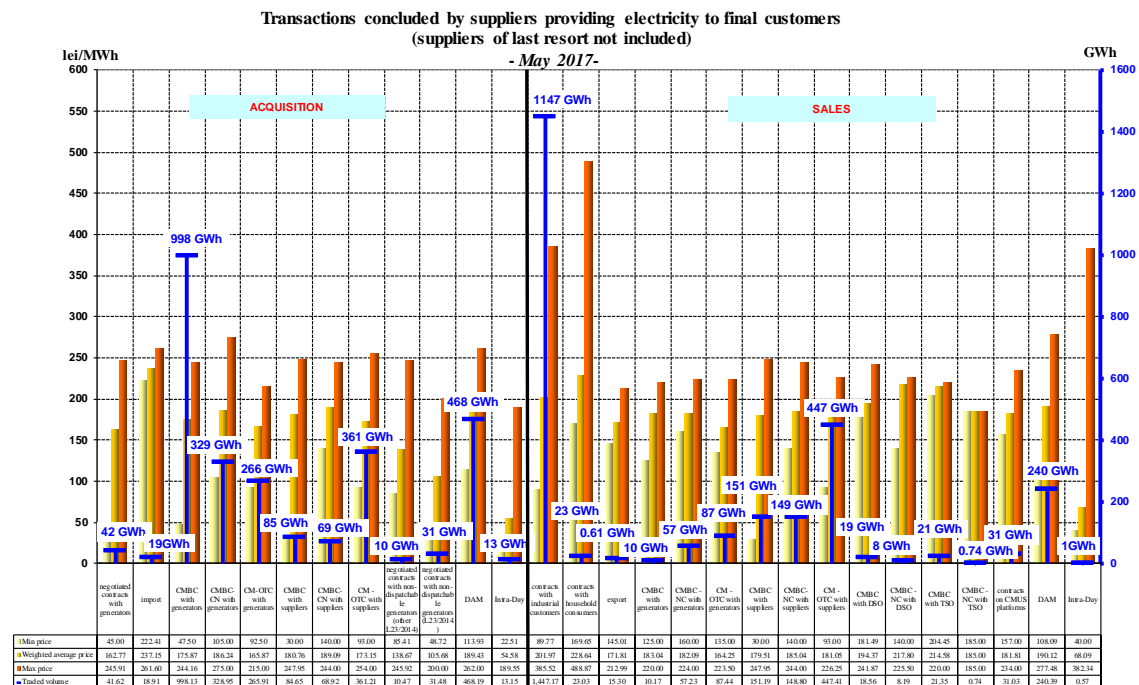
Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers– processed by MU

*negotiated trades concluded with undispachable generators which are not able to conclude contracts according to Law 23/2014 provisions, with subsequent changes and additions of Law no. 122/2015, both Laws subsequent to Law no. 220/2008

**negotiated trades concluded with undispachable generators which may conclude contracts according to Law 23/2014 provisions, with subsequent changes and additions of Law no. 122/2015, both Laws subsequent to Law no. 220/2008

***Differences compared to the Report on results of monitoring the Romanian electricity market – May 2017 are due to modified data reported by some participants

In addition to the data from the table above, the following graph presents the sales structure and the minimum, average and maximum actual prices by categories of transactions completed by suppliers providing electricity to final customers May 2018:



Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers– processed by MU

Suppliers of last resort

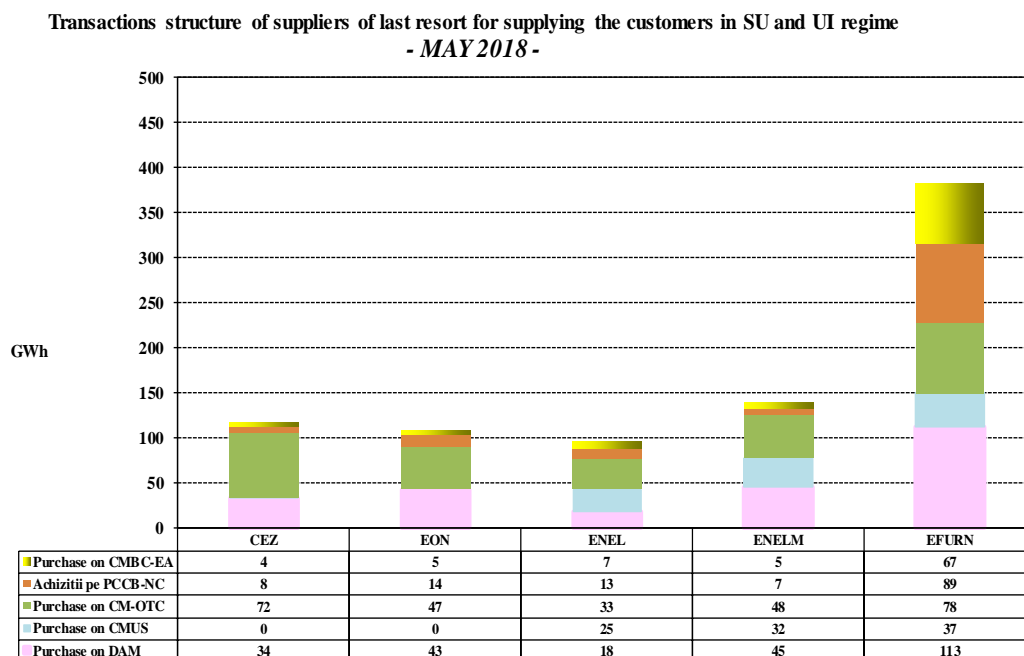
Electricity transactions structure of suppliers of last resort (before the delivery interval) for supplying the customers under SU and UI regime is presented in the table below for May 2018 compared to similar period of 2017:

- GWh -		
Transactions structure of suppliers of last resort for supplying the customers in SU and UI regime	May 2017	May 2018
Regulated contracts with generators	179.24	-
Negotiated contracts with undispatchable generators (L23/2014 and L122/2015)*	0.03	0.03
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	25.95	499.32
- contracts on CMBC-EA with generators	16.54	81.16
- contracts on CMBC-CN with generators	8.40	63.87
- contracts on CM-OTC with generators	0.06	114.87
- contracts on CMBC-EA with other suppliers	0.00	7.63
- contracts on CMBC-CN with other suppliers	0.09	66.96
- contracts on CM-OTC with other suppliers	0.86	164.82
Centralized market for universal service:	632.37	94.48
- contracts on CMUS with generators	442.28	53.53
- contracts on CMUS with suppliers	190.09	40.95
Transactions concluded on DAM:	160.38**	247.53
- purchase	170.17**	252.31
- sales	9.79**	4.78
Transactions concluded on Intraday market:	0.20	0.43
- purchase	0.20	0.43
- sales	0.00	0.00

*negotiated trades concluded with undispatchable generators which may conclude contracts according to Law 23/2014 provisions, with subsequent changes and additions of Law no. 122/2015. both Laws subsequent to Law no. 220/2008

**Differences compared to the Report on results of monitoring the Romanian electricity market – May 2017 are due to modified data reported by some participants

The structure of the electricity purchased by the suppliers of last resort from the main generators on regulated contracts is presented in the following graph for May 2018:



Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers of last resort – processed by MU

Suppliers of the last resort present separately in the customers' invoice the "Competitive Market Component" (CMC), proposed by each supplier of last resort and approved by ANRE, in accordance with the provisions of The methodology for setting prices and tariffs for final consumers who do not use their eligibility rights; CMC is applied starting with 1 2013 in households' invoices. In order to reduce the differences between the electricity purchase prices to cover the consumption invoiced at the CMC tariffs by suppliers of last resort, in July 2014 ANRE developed the PCSU regulatory framework and OPCOM SA, the operator of the electricity market, implemented the corresponding trading mechanism which became operational in April 2015. As of August 2017, according to ANRE Order 75/2017, which brought amendments to the Regulation for the organization and operation of simultaneous auctions with decreasing price on the Centralized Market for Universal Service (ANRE Order 65/2014) and the Methodology for setting tariffs for final consumers by suppliers of last resort, approved by ANRE Order no. 92/2015, the purchase of the electricity to cover the consumption of clients supplied under last resort regime is done in a centralized platforms CMBC-EA, CMBC-CN, CM-OTC, DAM and ID. On the date of entry into force of ANRE President Order no. 27/2018 for the approval of the Regulation for organizing and conducting tenders on the centralized market for universal service, ANRE Order no. 65/2014 was repealed, the conditions of participation of suppliers of last resort to CMUS for the purchase of electricity to cover the consumption of final customers supplied under the universal service regime were modified.

The structure of SLR's electricity transactions on the REM (made before the delivery interval) for universal service is presented in the following table for April 2018, compared with the similar period of 2017:

-GWh-

Transactions' structure of suppliers of last resort for universal service	May 2017		May 2018	
	Quantity [GWh]	Average price [lei/MWh]	Quantity [GWh]	Average price [lei/MWh]
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:			469.19	178.56
o on CMBC-EA with generators			73.40	191.13
o on CMBC-CN with generators			56.16	173.43
o on CM-OTC with generators			110.95	165.28
o on CMBC-EA with other suppliers			7.43	200.51
o on CMBC-CN with other suppliers			63.24	185.55
o on CM-OTC with other suppliers			158.00	180.03
Contracts concluded on CMUS:	632.37	161.64	94.48	-
- contracts on CMUS with generators	442.28	161.83	53.53	166.27
- contracts on CMUS with suppliers	190.09	161.19	40.95	185.01
Transactions concluded on DAM:	115.60*	-	225.83	-
o purchase	121.80*	215.69*	230.60	212.39
o sales	6.20*	149.90*	4.76	164.77
Transactions concluded on Intraday market:	0.00	-	0.30	-
- purchase	0.00	0.00	0.30	323.45
- sales	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	747.97*	170.53*	789.79	188.08

*Differences compared to the Report on results of monitoring the Romanian electricity market – May 2017 are due to modified data reported by some participants.

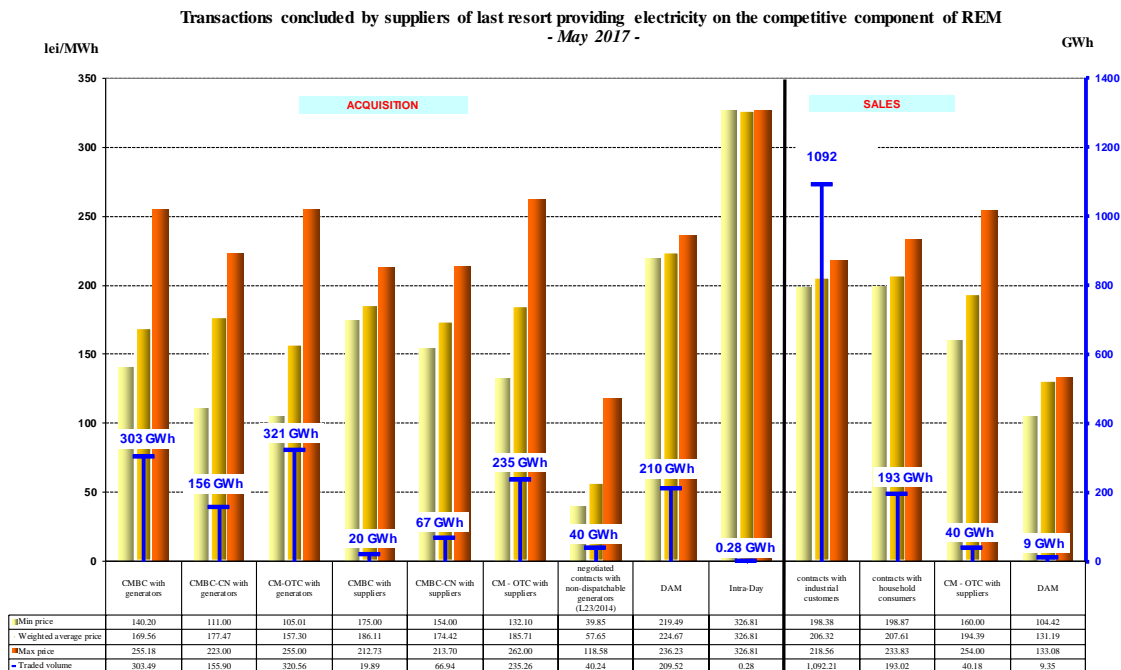
The following table presents the electricity acquisition structure of suppliers of last resort (before the delivery interval) corresponding to the competitive REM (energy supplied at negotiated prices to the customers who renounced to regulated tariffs) for May 2018 compared to similar previous period:

Transactions' structure of suppliers of last resort for the competitive segment of REM	May 2017	May 2018
Purchase		
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	830.02	1102.05
- on CMBC-EA with generators	288.93	303.49
- on CMBC-CN with generators	54.37	155.90
- on CM-OTC with generators	170.54	320.56
- on CMBC-EA with other suppliers	31.99	19.89
- on CMBC-CN with other suppliers	81.87	66.94
- on CM-OTC with other suppliers	202.33	235.26
Negotiated contracts with undispachable generators (others than L23/2014 and 122/2015)*	37.57	40.24
DAM	450.12**	209.52
PI	0.49	0.28
Sales		
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	81.54	40.18
- on CMBC-EA with other suppliers	1.19	0.00
- on CM-OTC with other suppliers	80.35	40.18
DAM	0.54**	9.35
Household customers	80.10	193.02
Non-household customers	1154.12**	1092.21

*negotiated trades concluded with undispachable generators which may conclude contracts according to Law 23/2014 provisions, with subsequent changes and additions of Law no. 122/2015, both Laws subsequent to Law no. 220/2008

**Differences compared to the Report on results of monitoring the Romanian electricity market – May 2017 are due to modified data reported by some participants.

The structure by types of sources/destinations of the traded volumes combined with the actual average prices of the suppliers of last resort corresponding to the competitive segment of REM is presented in the following graph for May 2018:



Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers of last resort – processed by MU

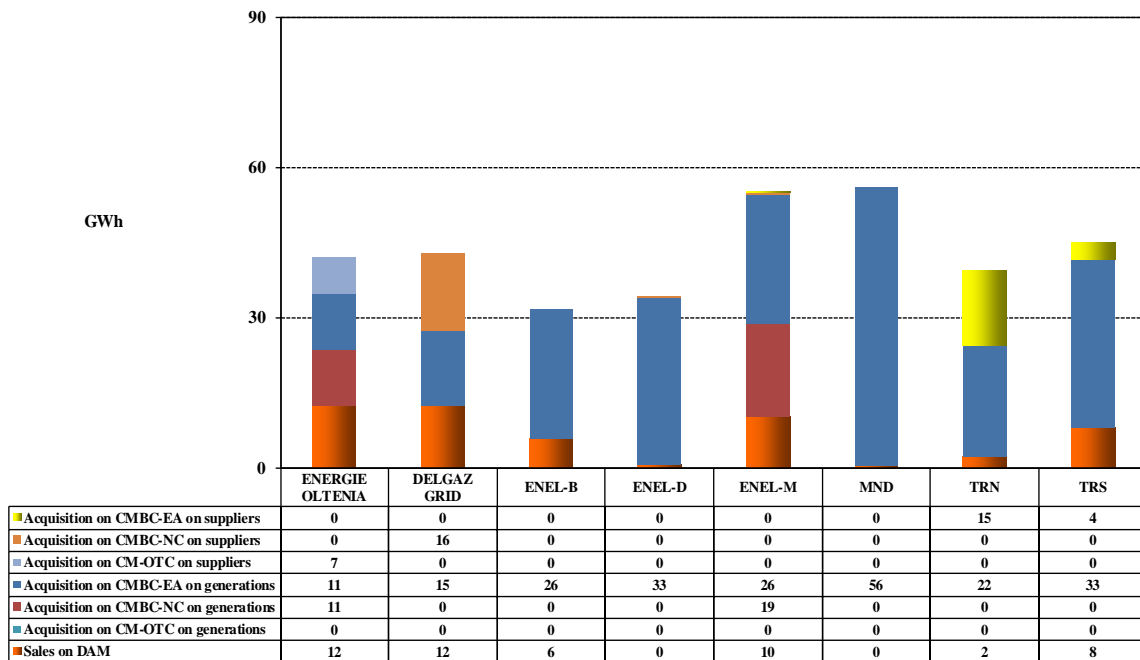
Main distribution operators

The following table shows the electricity acquisition structure of main distribution operators (before the delivery interval), for covering the distribution network losses, for May 2018 compared with similar previous period:

Transactions' structure	May 2017	May 2018
Contracts concluded on Opcom centralized markets:	258.02	294.48
- CMBC-EA with generators	126.13	223.06
- CMBC-CN with generators	3.73	29.76
- CM-OTC with generators	3.72	0.02
- CMBC-EA with suppliers	87.44	18.56
- CMBC-CN with suppliers	0.75	15.64
- CM-OTC with suppliers	36.26	7.44
Transactions concluded on Intraday market	0.29	0.08
- purchase	0.29	0.08
- sales	0.00	0.00
Transactions concluded on DAM:	115.61	46.86
- purchase	116.38	50.99
- sales	0.77	4.13

The electricity purchased for covering their network losses is presented in detail in the following graph, for May 2018:

**Electricity acquisition of distribution operators for covering the distribution losses
MAY 2018**



Source: Monthly reports of the distribution operators – processed by MU

6. Concentration indicators on the wholesale electricity market and its components

According to the economic theory and the EU documents, the following market concentration indicators may be defined:

- HHI. Herfindahl-Hirschman Index = sum of square market shares (%) of participants:

The indicator values signify:

HHI < 1000	non-concentrated market;
1000 < HHI < 1800	moderately concentrated market;
HHI > 1800	highly concentrated market.

- C1 = market share of the main market participant (%)

The indicator values signify:

C1 > 20%	alarming concentrated market;
C1 > 40%	suggests the existence of a dominant position;
C1 > 50%	clearly indicates a dominant position.

- C3 = sum of market shares of the main three participants in the market (%):

The indicator values signify:

40% < C3 < 70%	moderately concentrated market;
C3 > 70%	highly concentrated market.

These concentration indicators may be defined for the wholesale market (electricity market or ancillary services market) or for each of its components where direct competition takes place.

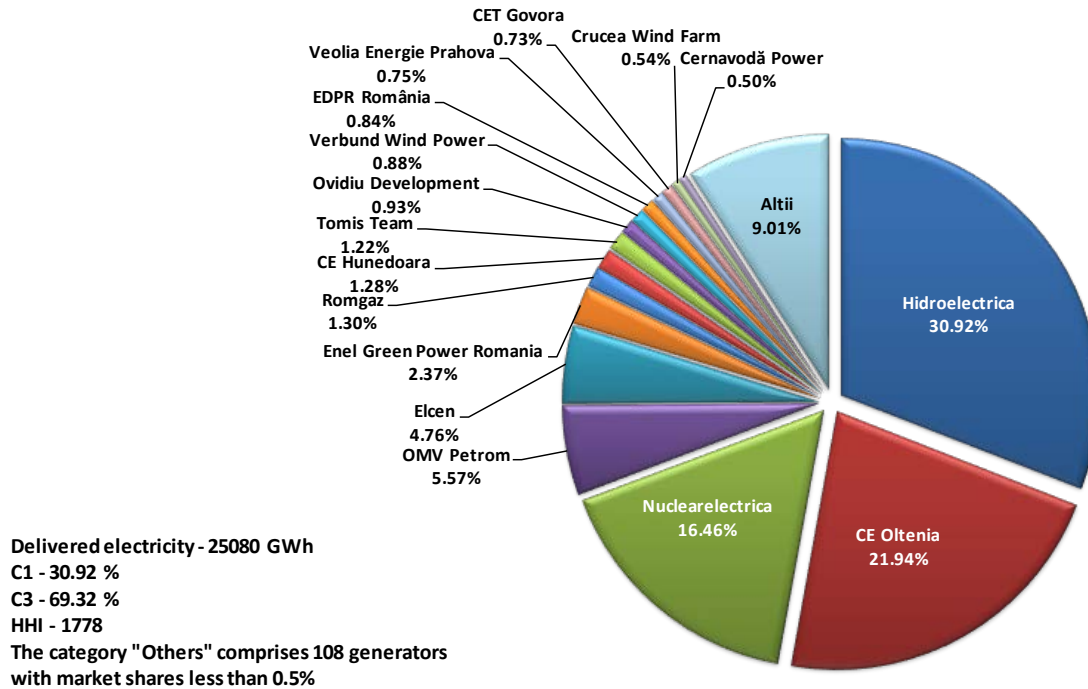
Concentration indicators and market shares of the electricity generators

The market structure at the level of production provides an initial basis for assessing the degree of competitiveness possible in the electricity market.

The following table shows the concentration indicators that characterize May 2018 and the graph shows the market shares of the electricity producers, holders of dispatchable production units, made on the whole components of the wholesale electricity market and determined according to the energy electrical supply to networks.

Concentration indicators - May 2018 -	C1 (%)	C3 (%)	HHI
Value	39.35	72.91	2211

**Market share of generators with dispatchable units by delivered electricity
January - May 2018**



Source: Monthly reports of generators – processed by MU

A component of the WEM on which direct competition between generators exists is the Balancing Market (BM). The values of concentration indicators on this market are determined based on effectively delivered electricity, for each type of regulation defined within the Commercial Code, and they are presented in the following table for May 2018:

Structure/concentration indicators of BM - May- 2018 -	Regulation					
	Secondary		Fast tertiary		Slow tertiary	
	upward	downward	upward	downward	upward	downward
C1 - % -	65	66	60	82	71	75
C3 - % -	99	99	93	99	91	100
HHI	5258	5269	4477	6863	5301	6005

Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Transelectrica SA – processed by MU

The coverage of STS needs to maintain the operational safety of SEN in May 2018 was achieved both through competitive and regulated procurement. Under the provisions of GEO no. 26/2018 regarding the adoption of measures for the security of electricity supply, the ANRE President's Decision no. 655/2018 regarding the purchase at a regulated price for the period 1 May - 31 December 2018 from the producer of CE Hunedoara SA of a quantity of technological system services representing a tertiary reserve for a capacity of 400 MW. In addition, CNTEE Transelectrica S.A. has organized auctions for the acquisition of reserves on all types of regulation. The following table shows the concentration indicators by types of reserves (secondary, tertiary, slow tertiary).

Concentration indicators on ASM - May 2018 -		Secondary reserve	Fast tertiary reserve	Slow tertiary reserve
regulated component	contracted quantity (h*MW)	-	-	297600
	C1 (%)	-	-	100.0
	C3 (%)	-	-	100.0
competitive component	contracted quantity (h*MW)	350108	514600	223200
	C1 (%)	65.4	80.3	53.3
	C3 (%)	100.0	92.3	100.0
	HHI	5297	6550	4289

Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Transelectrica SA – processed by MU

Concentration Indexes for the Day Ahead Market

Day Ahead Market (DAM) is a voluntary market, opened both for buying and selling for all types of market participants: generators, suppliers, grid operators under applicable regulations.

The concentration indicators on DAM reflects the level of competition between sellers and between buyers respectively, the dynamics of both influencing the price level. The following table presents C1, C3 and HHI for buying and for selling side of DAM based on quantities traded by participants on this market.

Concentration indicators on DAM - May 2018 -	C1 (%)	C3 (%)	HHI
Selling	13.26	29.44	435
Buying	13.40	27.80	481

Source: Monthly reports of Opcom SA – processed by MU

7. Price evolution on wholesale electricity market

Starting with November 2014 the Romanian DAM is working coupled with the spot markets from Hungary, Slovakia and Czech Republic based on the price coupling mechanism, project known as 4M MC. This coordinated correlation mechanism uses an unique European method for price coupling of regions (called *Price Coupling of Regions - PCR*-initiative) in order to fulfil the harmonization of national european markets and create the internal european electricity market. The functioning of these spot markets is based on coupling algorithm recommended by ACER (Euphemia) and its goal is maximizing the social welfare to the entire area of the coupled markets.

The coupling mechanism is accomplished through the operators OTE-Czech Republic, EPEX Spot (operating as services supplier for OKTE-Slovakia and HUPX-Hungary) and from 17th of January 2017 OPCOM-Romania (who became PCR member from 1st January 2016). After succesfully finalisation of the implementation process of the changes and tests performed, OPCOM operates in its own name the coupling solution impelemented in the 4M MC operational mechanism, all processes performed was carried out in safety conditions of coupled functioning 4M MC day-ahead markets, Coupling operators are acting as Coordinators on a monthly rotation basis.

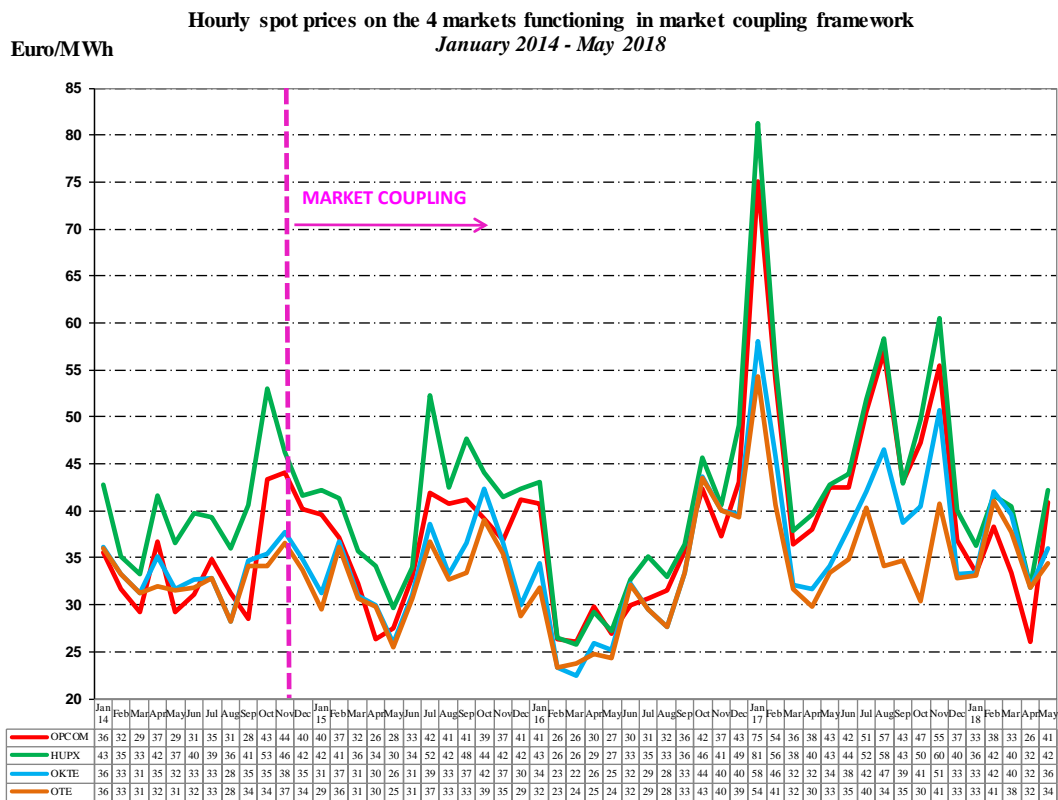
According to EU legislation, coordinated cross border capacity allocation is under the governance of the transmission system operators from the 4 countries and the allocation model to be used is the default allocation on DAM of the available interconnection capacity.

To better meet the purpose of DAM coupling mechanism - electricity transfer at level and direction based on generation and consumption conditions and dependent on the coupled DAM prices - starting with 1st January 2016. TSO operators from Romania and Hungary (CNTEE Transelectrica SA and Mavir ZRt) agreed to reserve a quota from interconnection capacity for DAM allocation based on the authorities recommendations from both countries, ANRE and MEKH. The same rule was adopted for interconnection capacity allocation on Bulgarian border.

Thus, for each month of the year, reserved capacity for DAM allocation is determined as a difference between monthly ATC for each subperiod and 80% from the lowest value between the ATC resulted for subperiods of the month, incremented with the already allocated capacity at the yearly auction but which has been returned to TSO.

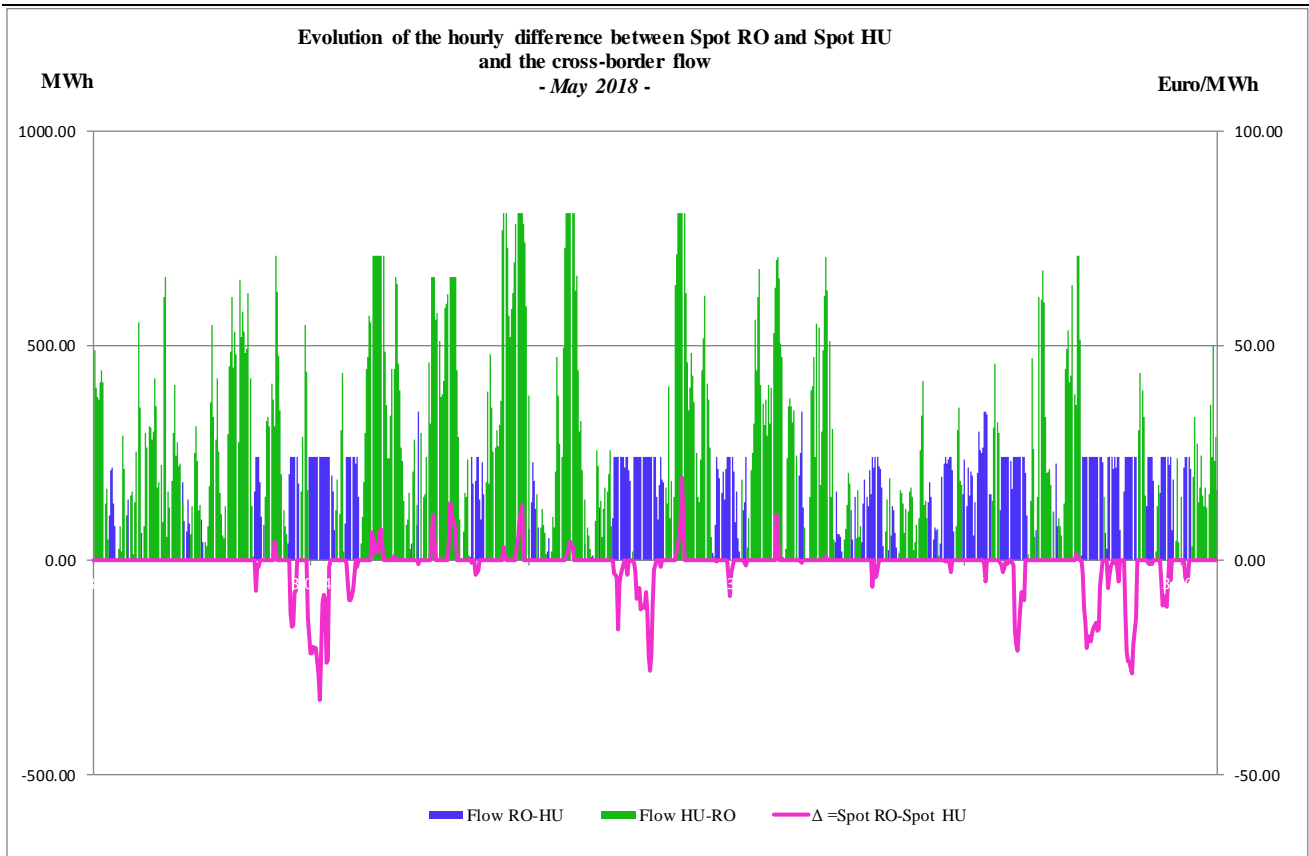
Particularly, for Hungarian border, if 80% from the lowest value of the ATC resulted for monthly subperiods is lower than 80 MW, ATC for monthly allocation will be 80% from the ATC calculated for each subperiod incremented with the already allocated capacity at the yearly auction but which has been returned to TSO.

Next graph presents the monthly spot prices of the 4 markets involved in the coupling mechanism starting with January 2014, before and after the start of operational phase.



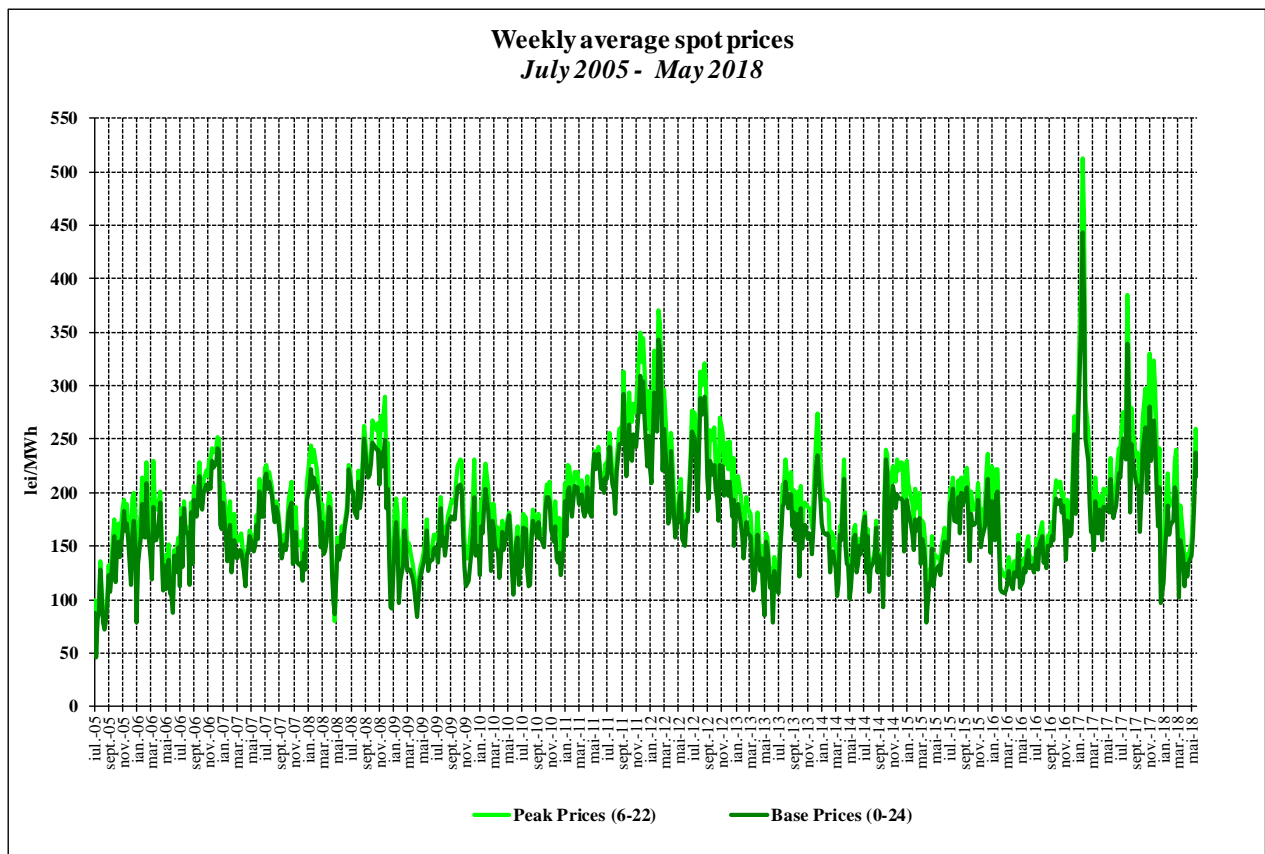
Source: Monthly reports of Opcom SA – processed by MU

The following graph presents the evolution of May 2018 hourly gap between DAM prices in Romania and Hungary as a result of the functioning of coupled markets, correlated with the cross border flows RO-HU for both directions.



Source: Data published by Opcom SA – processed by MU

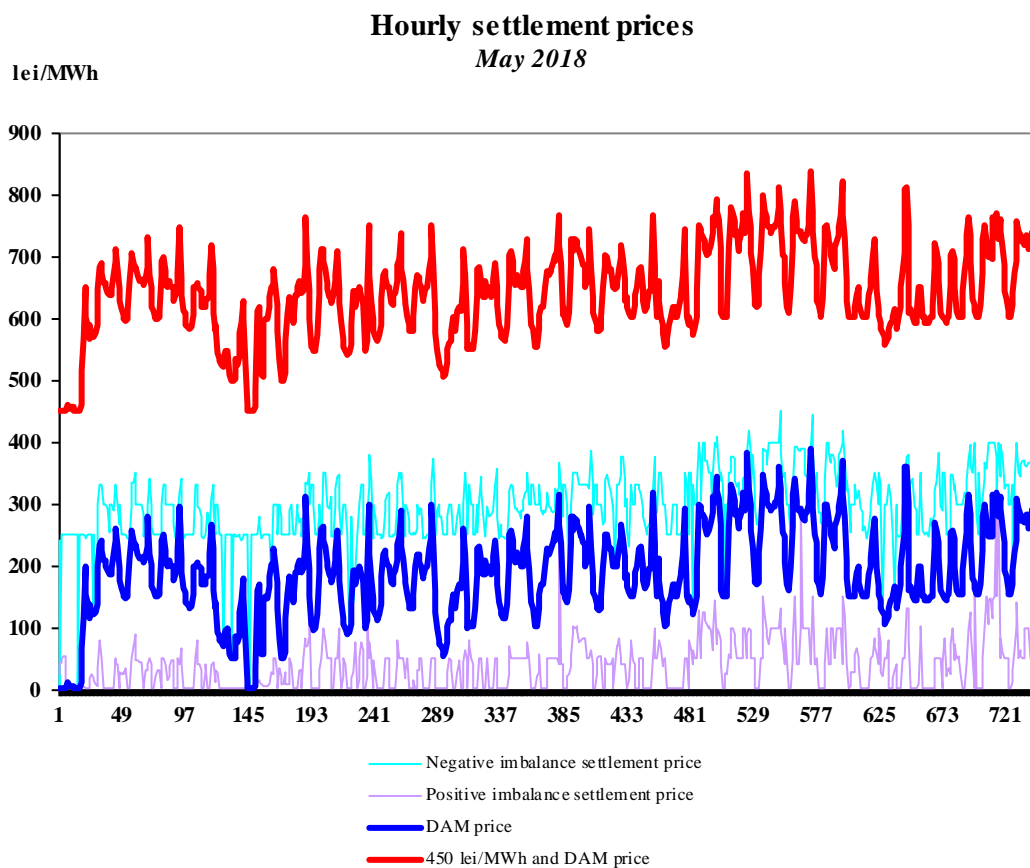
The following graph presents the evolution of weekly average spot prices starting with July 2005:



Source: Daily reports of Opcom SA – processed by MU

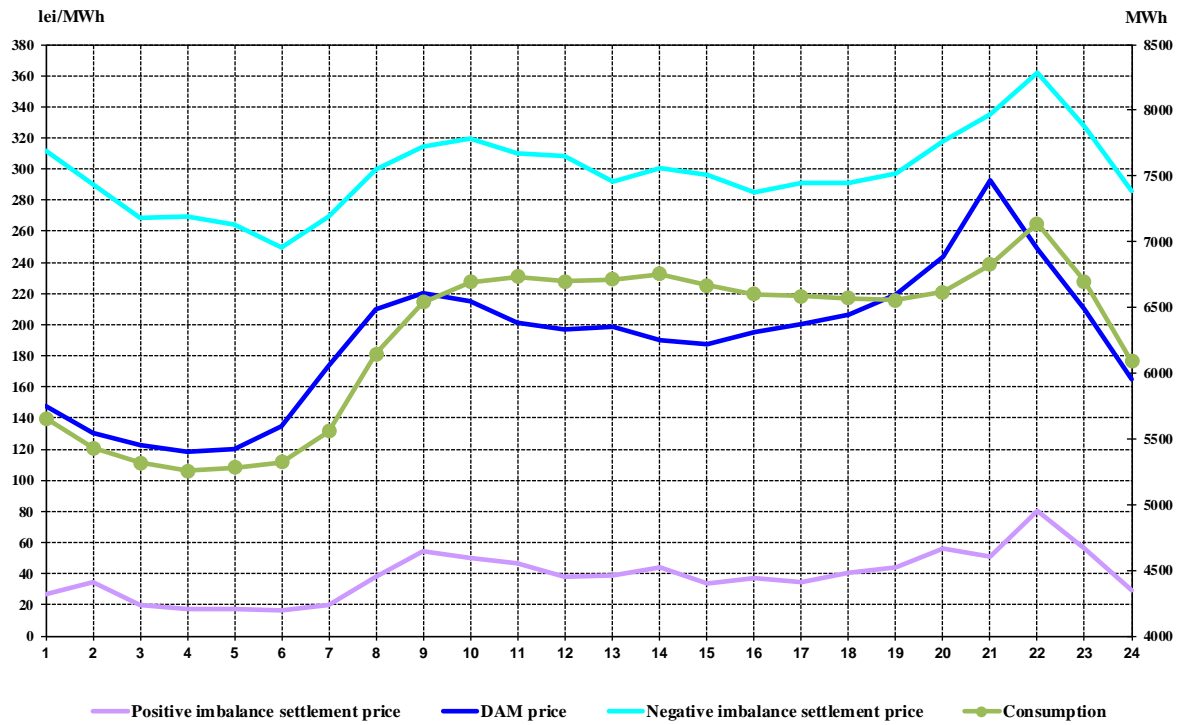
In order to cover the differences between planned/contracted amounts of consumption/ generation and the real time consumption. the system operator (CNTEE Transelectrica SA) operates the BM by "buying" or "selling" electricity at prices determined by the merit order of dispatchable generators' offers. The participants generating imbalances, grouped in BRPs, have to bear the imbalances costs. For the negative imbalances, they have to pay the settlement price resulting from the upward bids accepted on the BM, while for the positive imbalances they receive the settlement price resulting from the downward bids accepted on the BM.

The settlement prices (MCP on DAM, negative imbalance settlement price and positive imbalance settlement price) are represented on the same graph, showing the two markets correlation degree. In the first graph the prices are expressed in hourly values, in the second graph in hourly average values compared to internal consumption and in the last graph in average monthly values.



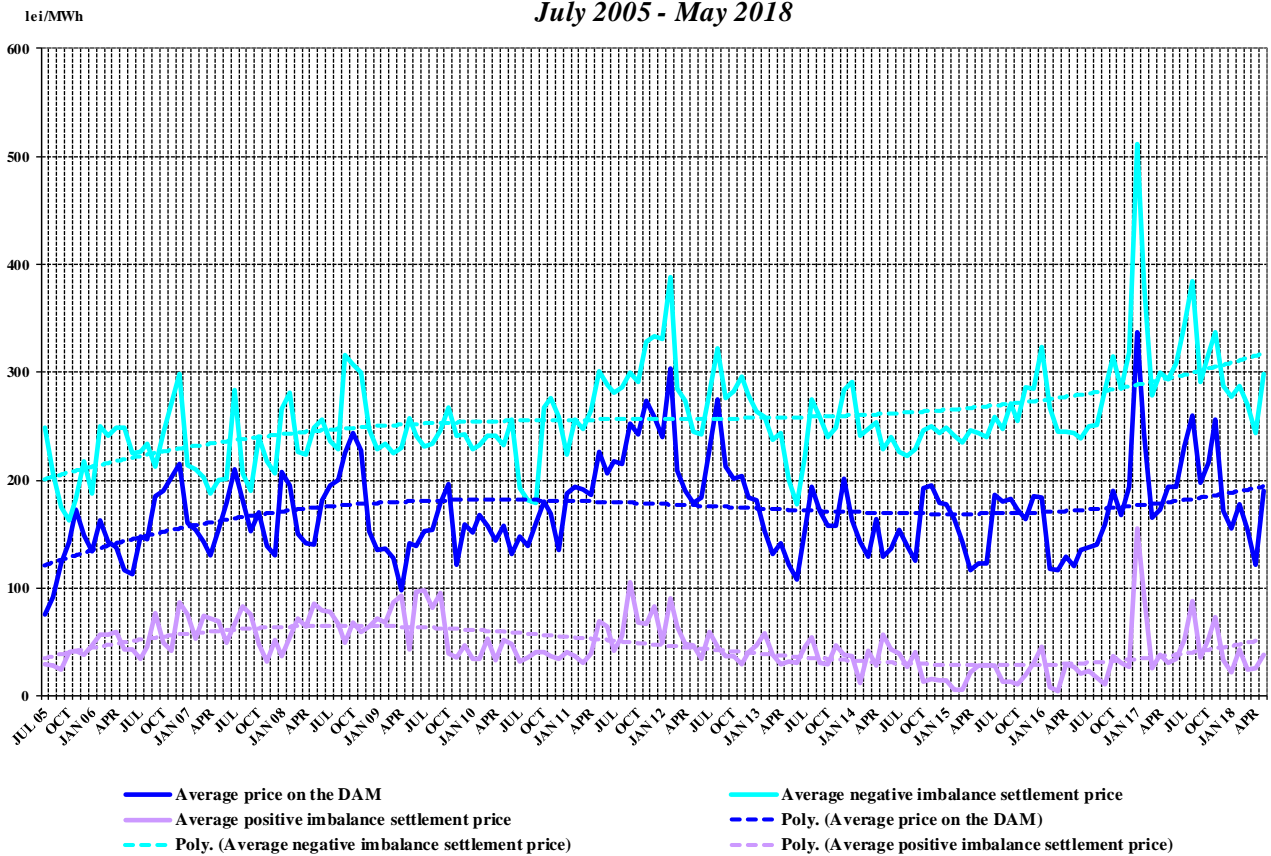
Source: Daily/monthly reports of Opcom SA – processed by MU

Hourly average settlement prices and internal consumption
May 2018



Source: Monthly reports of Opcom SA and CNTEE Tranelectrica SA – processed by MU

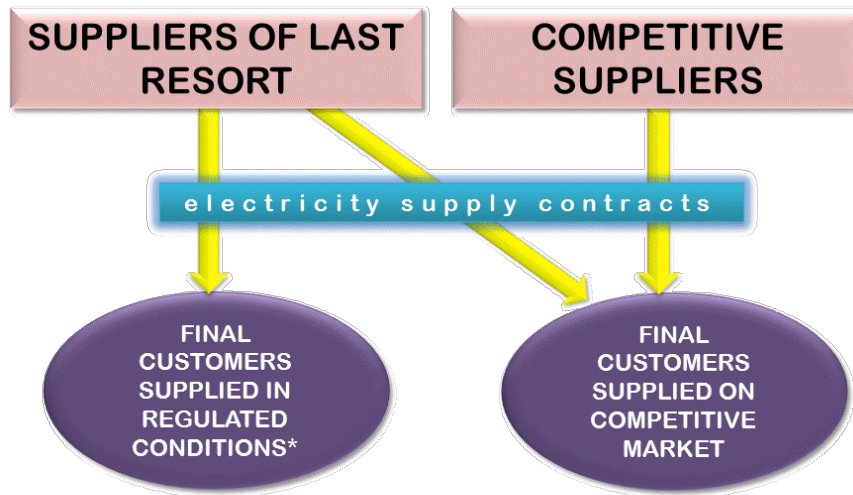
Monthly average prices on DAM and BM
July 2005 - May 2018



Source: Monthly/daily reports of Opcom SA – processed by MU

III. RETAIL ELECTRICITY MARKET

1. Structure of the retail electricity market

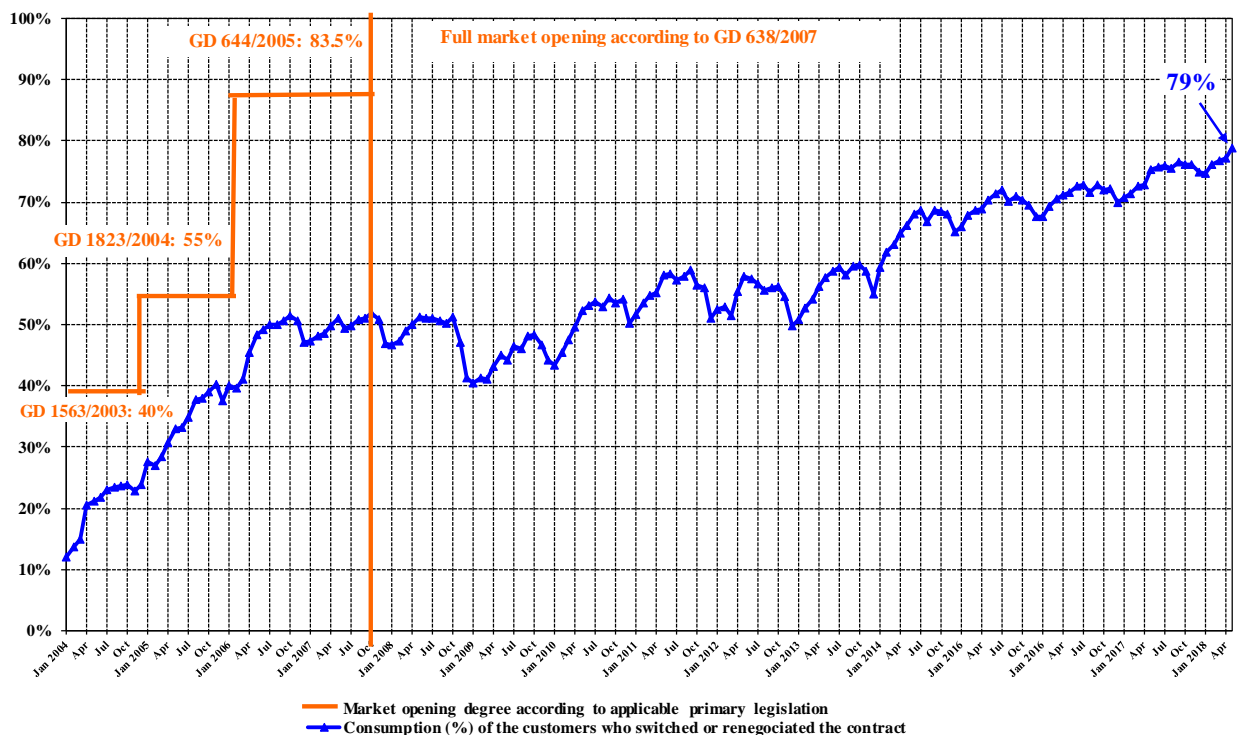


* according to art. 53 (2) and art. 55 (1) from Electricity and Gas Law no. 123/2012

2. Electricity market opening degree

The following graph contains the quota of the consumption from total consumption, of the customers who switched their supplier or renegotiated their contracts with the suppliers operating on the regulated market, between January 2004 – May 2018. The values presented are cumulated from the beginning of the opening process and are presented monthly:

Opening degree evolution of electricity market
January 2004- May 2018

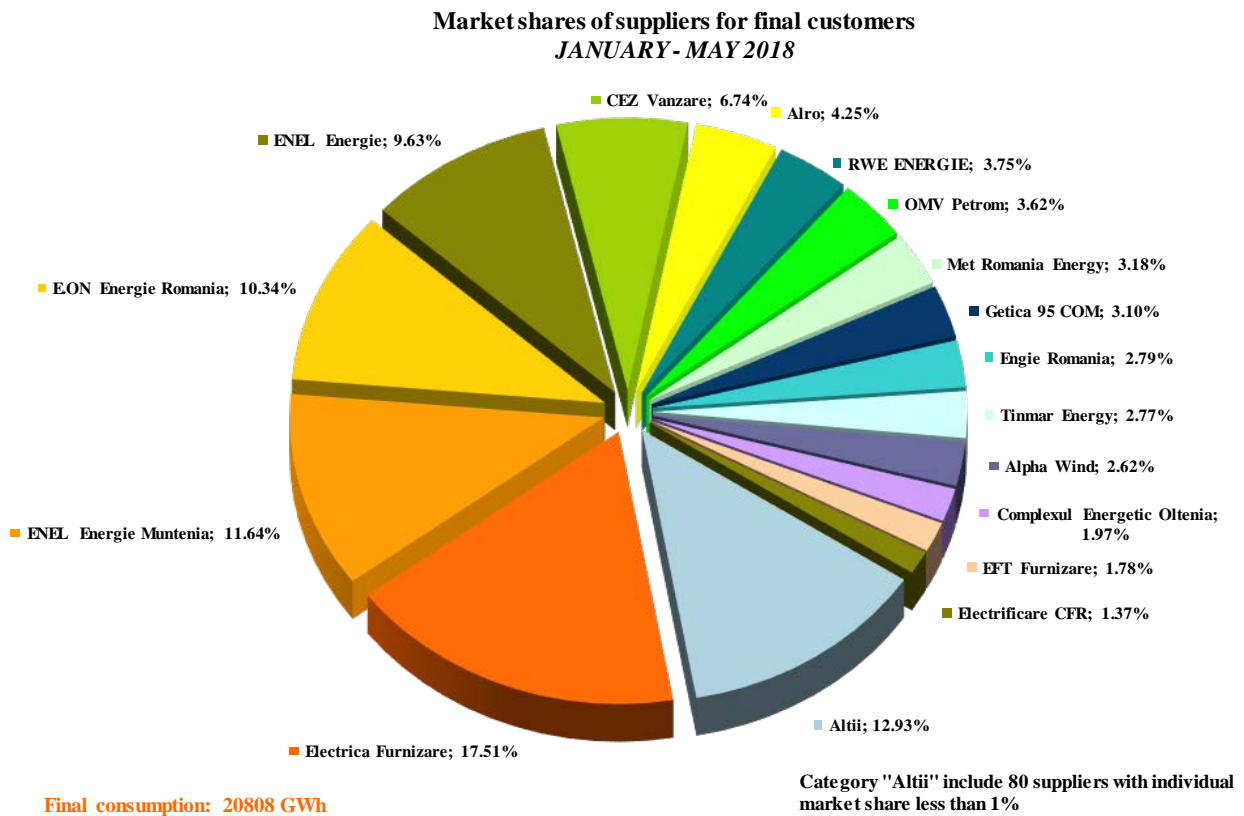


Source: Monthly reports of the final customers' suppliers – processed by MU

3. Market shares of the electricity suppliers

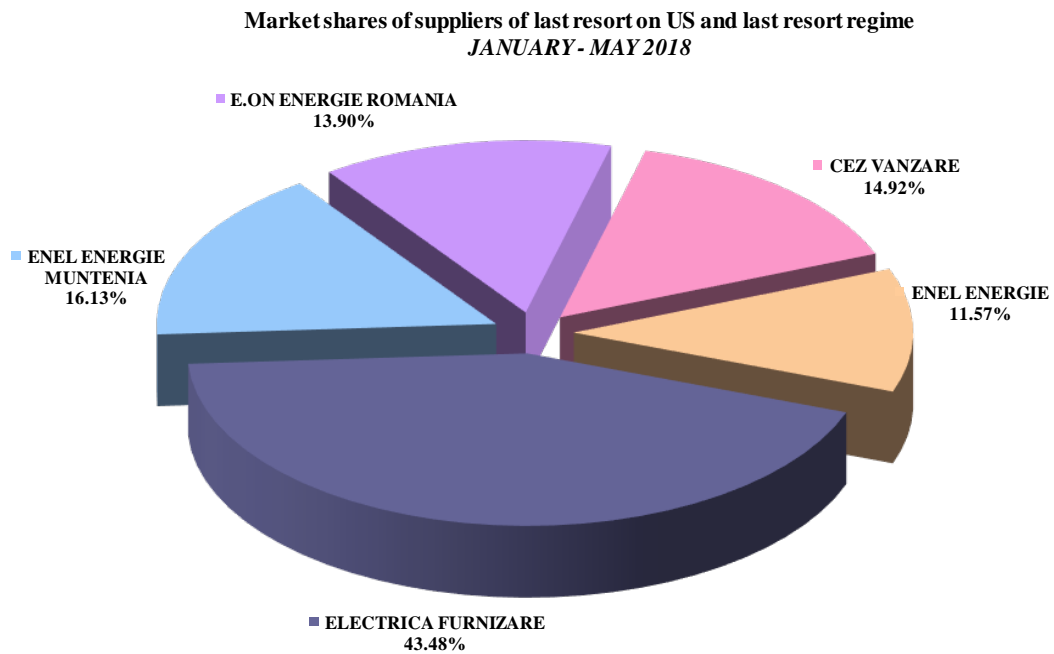
In the following three graphs there are presented the market shares of electricity suppliers on the retail market, calculated:

- a) for all suppliers active on the REM, including those ultimate in terms of electricity supplied to final customers (at CPC and UI tariffs) in the US and UI regime, as well as electricity supplied to customers who have switched their supplier or have negotiated the contract;



Source: Monthly reports of suppliers for final customers– processed by MU

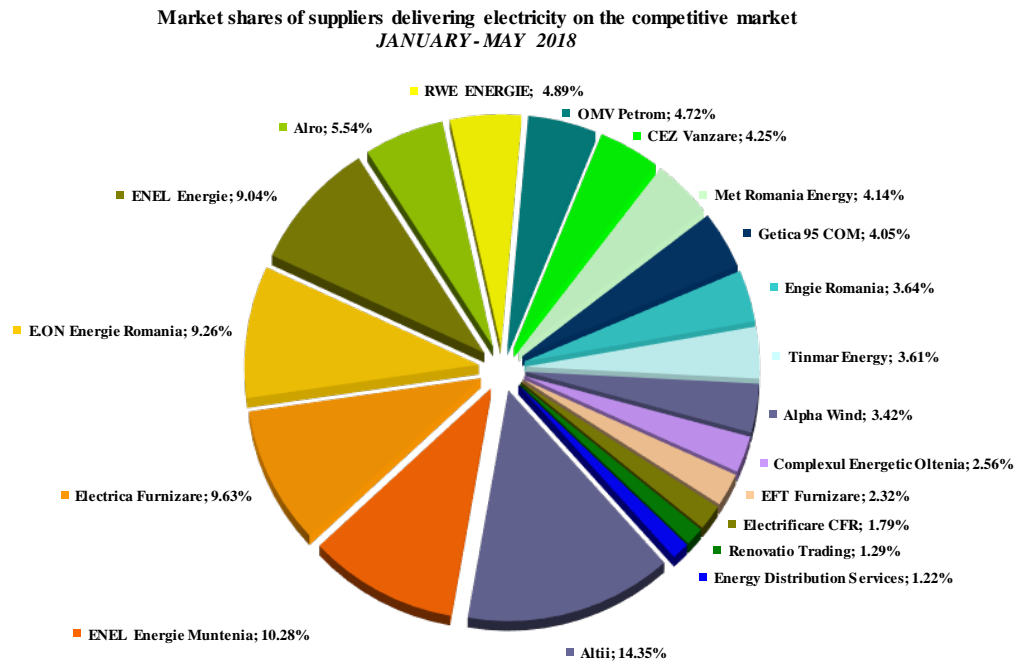
- b) for the suppliers of last resort - depending on the electricity supplied to the final liens supplied under the UA and UI regime;



Consumption of customers supplied at CMC and last resort tariffs: 4848 GWh

Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers of last resort – processed by MU

- c) for all suppliers, including those of last resort, active in the REM competition segment - depending on the electricity supplied to customers who have changed their supplier or have negotiated their contract.



Consumption on competitive market: 15960 GWh
Structure indicators:
HHI - 559; C3 - 29%; C1 - 10%

Category "Altii" includes 78 suppliers with individual market share less than 1%

Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers– processed by MU

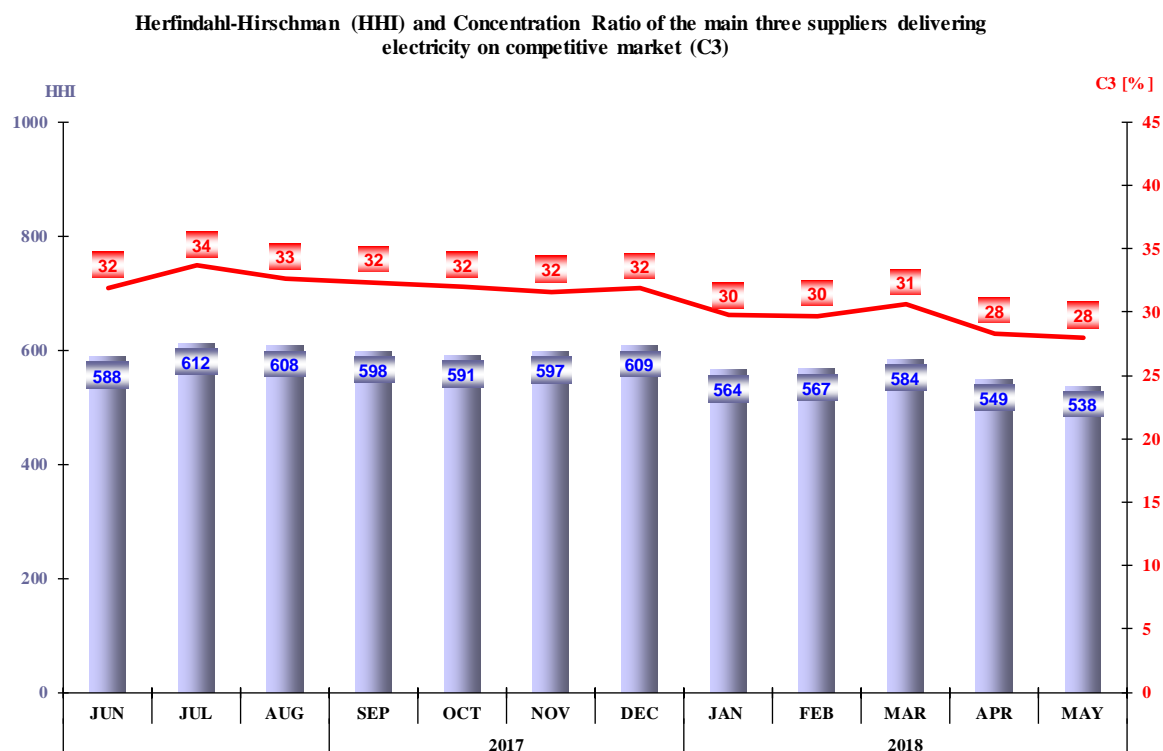
It is noted that the calculation of the market indicator values did not take into account the principle of dominance and the electricity supplied on the basis of which each supplier's market share was established includes the self-consumption of the large industrial customers who also hold a supply license and who have decided to buy their energy from the wholesale market as competitive suppliers. Quantification of the activity carried out within the REM competition segment compared to that of the WEM by suppliers can be achieved by determining the share of sales to final customers in total sales transactions. Thus, the following table includes the number of suppliers active on the REM, structured according to the size of the activity carried out on this market in May 2018.

Number of suppliers	Share of sales to final customers from total sales transactions			
	100%	75% - 100%	50% - 75%	<50%
Competitive	10	19	9	28
Of last resort	0	5	0	0

Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers– processed by MU

4. Concentration indicators of the competitive retail electricity market

The monthly evolution of concentration indicators (C3, HHI) determined on the competitive component of the REM is presented for May 2018 in the following graph:



Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers – processed by MU

The table below shows the values of structure indicators of competitive component of REM for and the number of active suppliers in May 2018, calculated for each non-household and household customer categories as defined by the Regulation (EU) 2016/1952 of the European Parliament and of the Council:

Indicators - May 2018	Consumption tranches - Non-household customers							
	IA	IB	IC	ID	IE	IF	IG	Total
C1 - % -	33	23	17	10	16	14	20	10
C3 - % -	69	48	39	29	42	35	44	27
HHI	1978	1216	804	594	873	769	1000	514
Consumption - GWh -	101	340	275	684	434	266	884	2984
No. of SUPPLIERS	68	77	66	60	26	18	17	92
No. of suppliers of last resort	0	5	5	5	5	3	3	5
No. of competitive suppliers	52	55	47	45	17	12	7	64
No. of producers	16	17	14	10	4	3	7	23

Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers – processed by MU

Indicators - May 2018	Consumption tranches - Household customers					
	DA	DB	DC	DD	DE	Total
C1 - % -	58	42	35	33	31	43
C3 - % -	94	77	72	75	72	80
HHI	4396	2642	2205	2221	2074	2817
Consumption - GWh -	68	65	41	31	12	216
No. of SUPPLIERS	40	42	40	43	39	52
No. of suppliers of last resort	5	5	5	5	5	5
No. of competitive suppliers	31	34	32	35	30	41
No. of producers	4	3	3	3	4	6

Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers – processed by MU

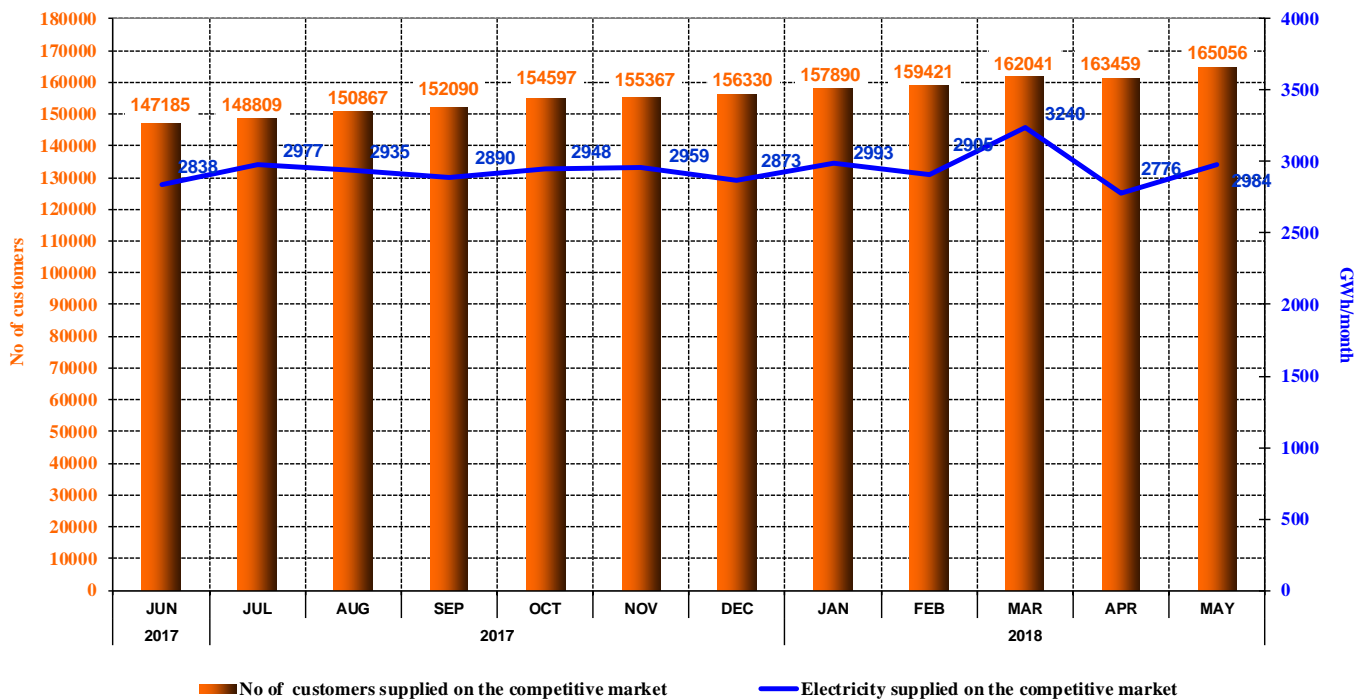
5. Evolution of customers' number and of electricity delivered

Number of customers supplied on the competitive market is presented as an evolution over the last 12 months; for May 2018 this number is split into categories, according to the provisions of Regulation (EU) no. 2016/1952 of the European Parliament and of the Council. The tables below presents the bands of consumption of each category of non-household and household customers:

Non-household customers	Annual electricity consumption (MWh):	
IA		<20
IB	>=20	<500
IC	>=500	<2000
ID	>=2000	<20000
IE	>=20000	<70000
IF	>=70000	<150000
IG	>=150000	

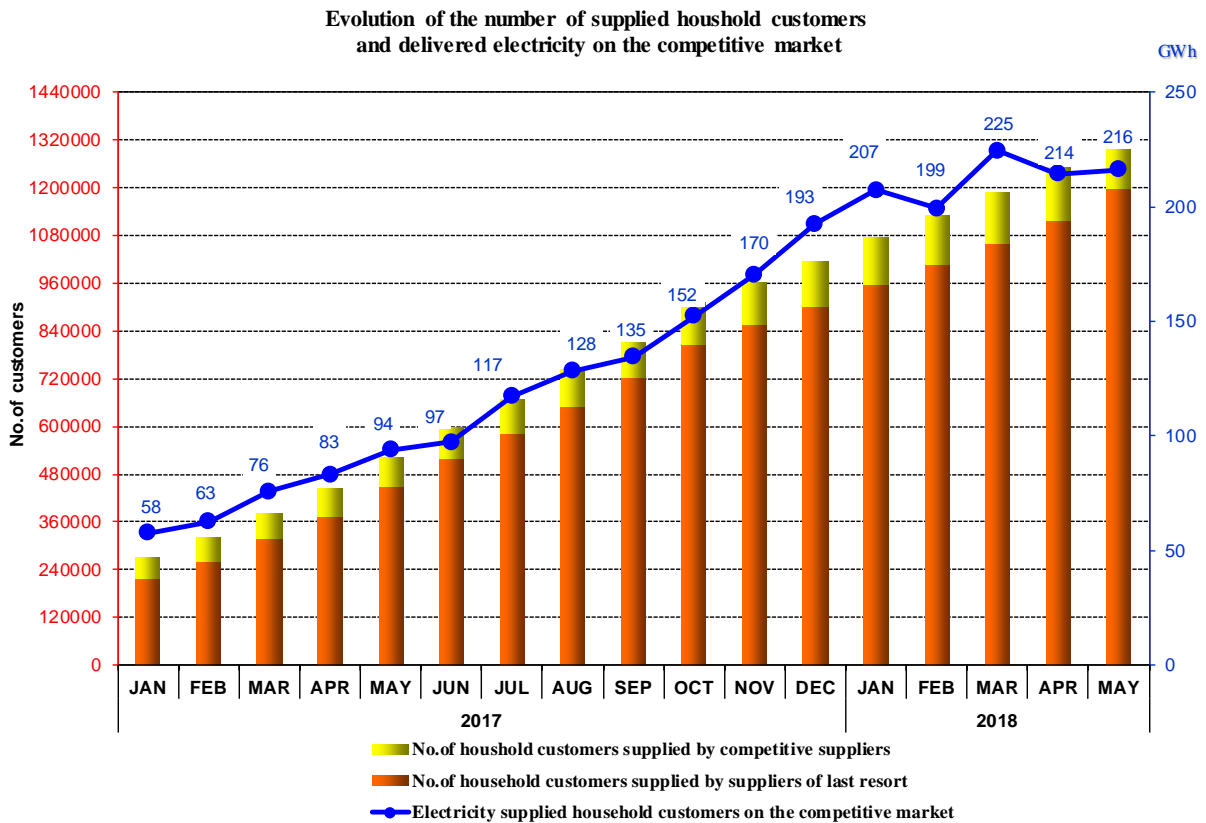
Household customers	Annual electricity consumption (kWh):	
DA		<1000
DB	>=1000	<2500
DC	>=2500	<5000
DD	>=5000	<15000
DE	>=15000	

Evolution of the number of supplied non-household customers and delivered electricity on the competitive market



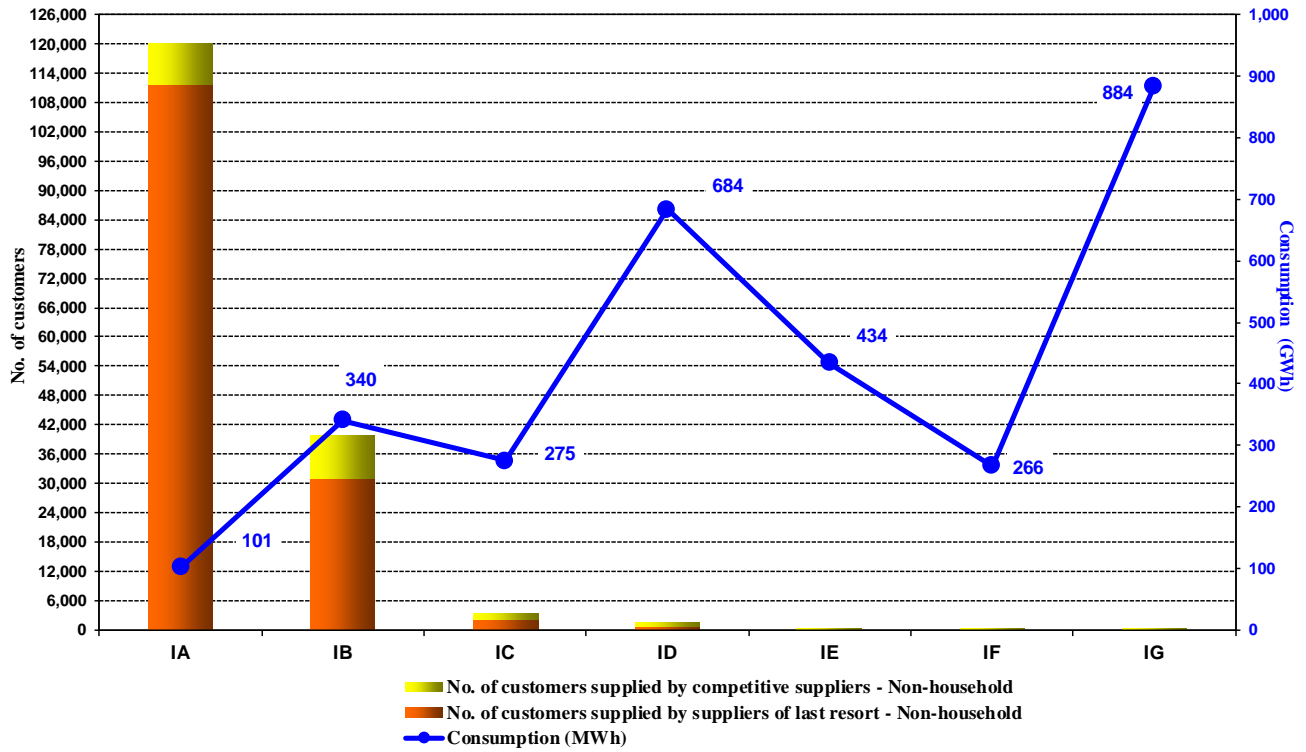
Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers – processed by MU

Competitive electricity sales to household final customers between January 2017 and May 2018 are shown in the following graph:



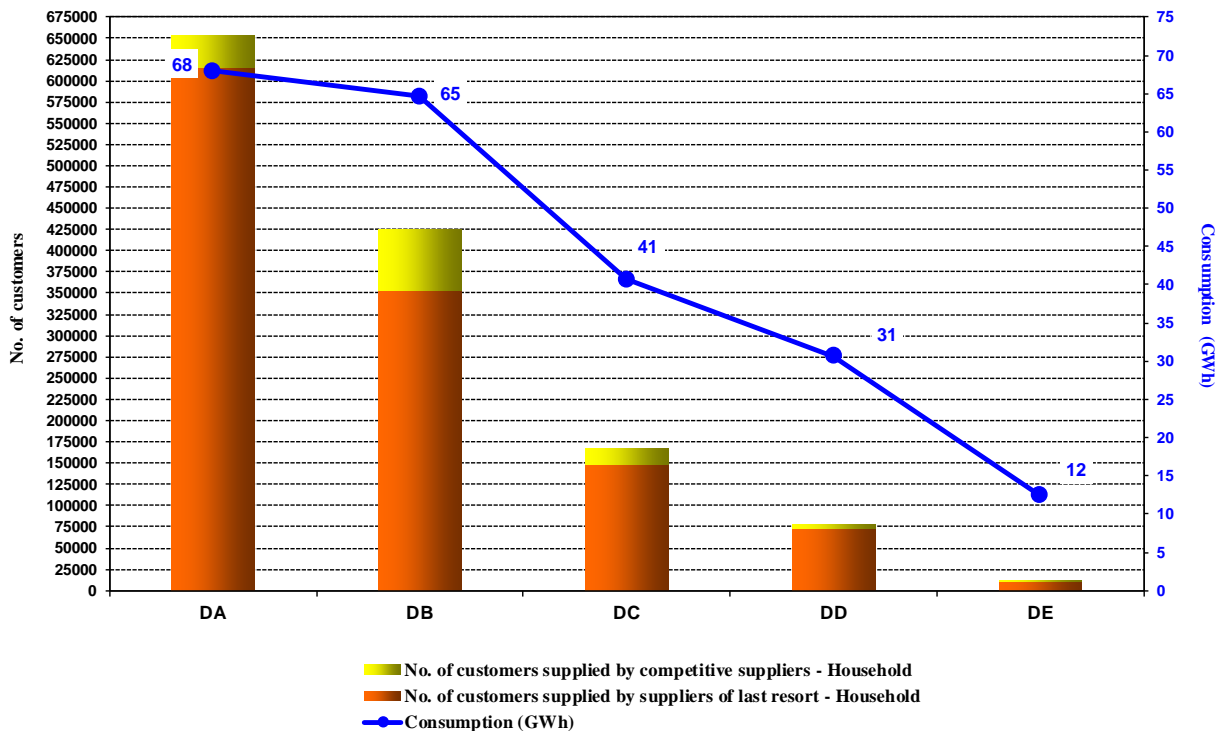
Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers – processed by MU

Number of non-household customers supplied on competitive market and the consumption of each category of customers - MAY 2018 -



Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers – processed by MU

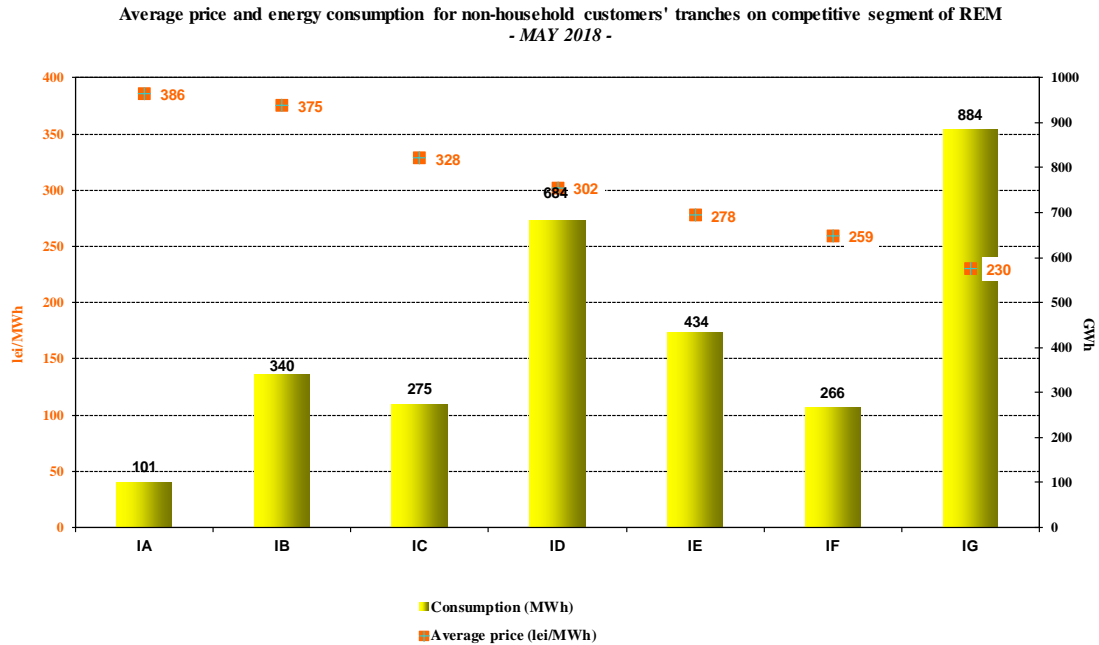
Number of household customers supplied on competitive market and the consumption of each category of customers - MAY 2018 -



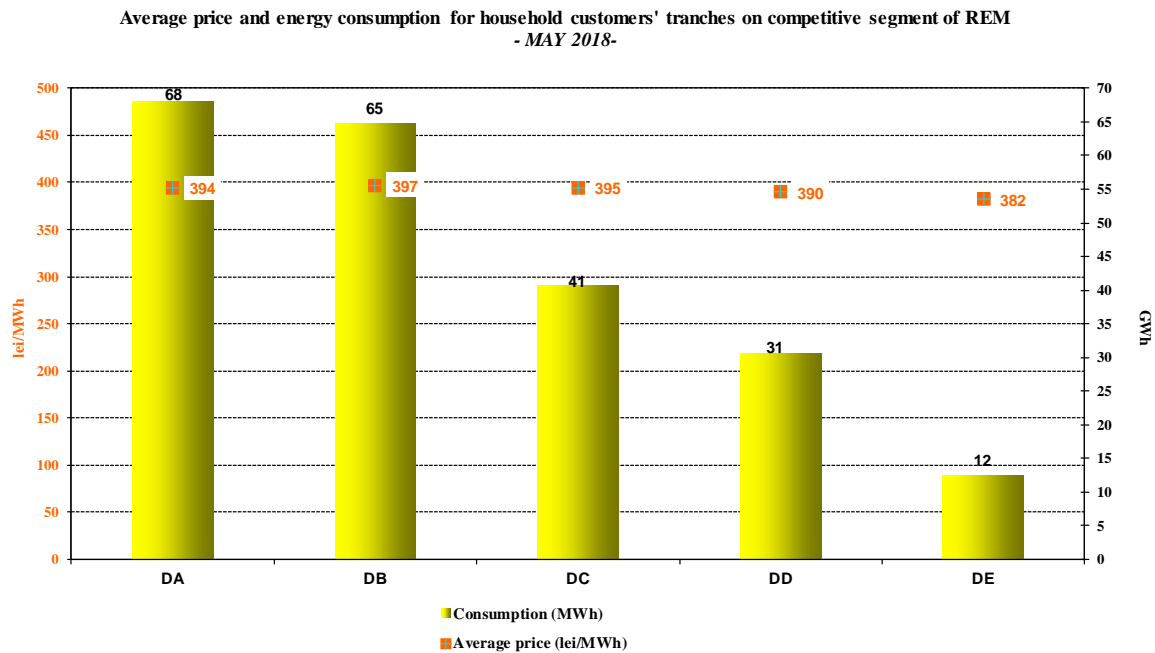
Source: Monthly reports of the suppliers – processed by MU

6. Average selling prices of customers supplied on the competitive market

The following graph presents the average selling prices of customers supplied on the competitive market, based on the structure defined according to the Regulation (EU) no. 2016/1952 of the European Parliament and of the Council for May 2018.



Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers – processed by MU



Source: Monthly reports of the competitive suppliers – processed by MU

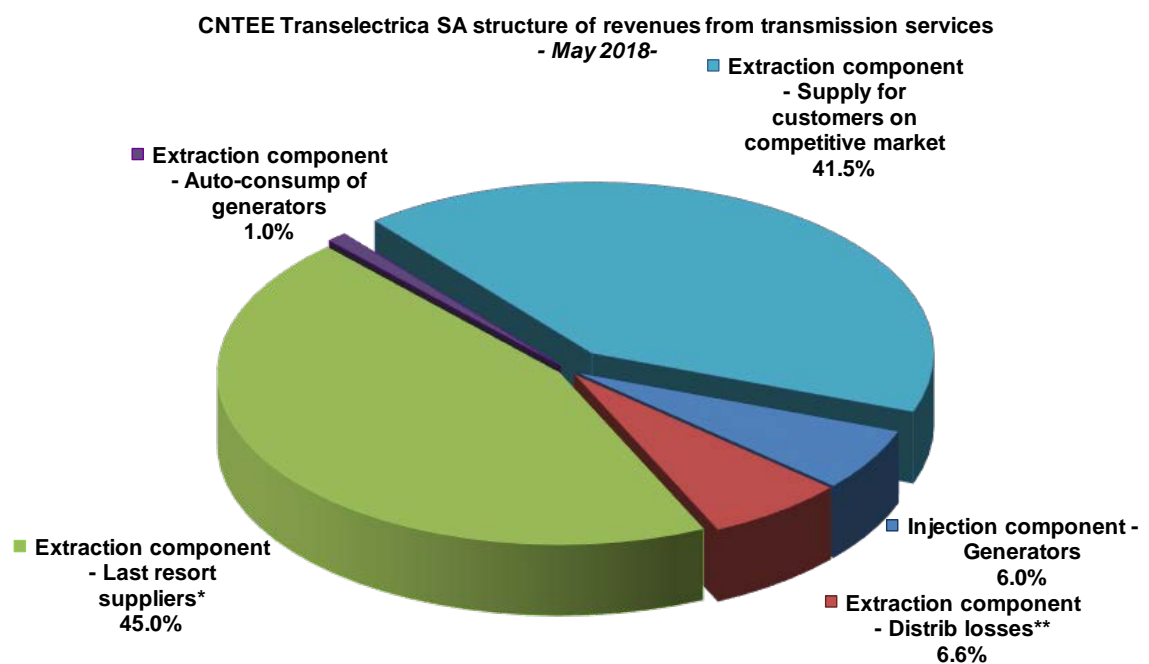
Specifications: The average selling price for each consumption tranche was determined as the weighted average of the prices charged by suppliers with the quantities supplied by them to that household consumption in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EU) 1952/2016. Prices do not include VAT, excise or other taxes, but include all related services (transport tariffs, system services, distribution, imbalances, PRE aggregation taxes, measurement). Breakdown of customers into consumer installments was based on their annual consumption forecast.

IV. TRANSMISSION AND SYSTEM OPERATOR - TRANSELECTRICA SA

TSO performs the electricity transmission service at regulated tariffs, differentiated by separate tariff zones, depending on the impact of injection or extraction of electricity in/from transmission grid upon NES functioning regime.

Compared to the previous method of establishing the transmission zonal tariffs, which aimed to offer locational signals, starting with July 2015 the methodological principles were modified in order to comply with EU regulations and ACER recommendations in this field. Following this, the injection tariff covers only the network losses costs with different zonal tariffs, while the extraction tariff covers the average cost of transmission service.

The following graph presents the structure of CNTEE Transelectrica SA revenues from performing the transmission services and reflects the structure of its clients benefiting from this type of service in May 2018.



* for electricity extracted from their own licence areas as well as from other areas

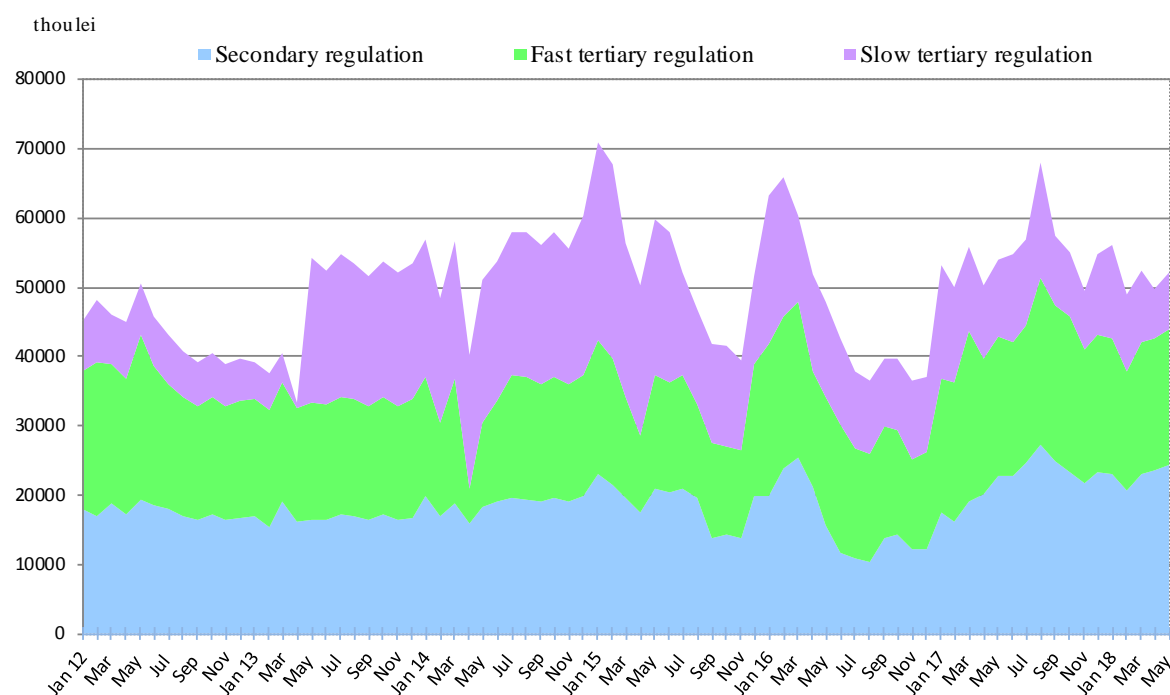
** includes the electricity with which some distribution operators supply their own self-consumption places

Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Transelectrica SA – processed by MU

In order to perform the system operator tasks, CNTEE Transelectrica SA assesses and contracts reserves (ancillary services) from qualified generators, which are integrated on BM. The ancillary services which may be used are reserves for secondary, fast tertiary, slow tertiary regulation and reactive energy.

The following graph represents the cost evolution of ancillary services acquisition which were paid by the transmission and system operator starting with January 2012. The tariffs applied for this type of services may be regulated (for the quantities approved through decision by ANRE) and/or competitive (in case the TSO organizes competitive sessions).

Structure of CNTEE Transelectrica SA costs with ancillary services acquired from qualified generators



Source: Monthly reports of CNTEE Transelectrica SA – processed by MU

V. MARKET RULES EVOLUTION IN MAY 2018

In May 2018, ANRE issued the following regulations with an impact on the wholesale and retail markets:

- Order of ANRE President no. 94 / 22.05.2018 approving the regulated tariff for electricity exchanges with the perimeter countries, perceived by the transmission and system operator for the use of the National Electric Power System for the electricity exchanges programmed with the perimeter countries;
- Order of ANRE President no. 102 / 29.05.2018 approving the abrogation of ANRE President's Order no. 121/2017 for the approval of the conditions of application of the tariffs the competitive market component;
- ANRE President's Decision no. 811 / 22.05.2018 regarding the approval of the quantities produced in high efficiency cogeneration units benefiting from the bonus scheme for April 2018;
- ANRE President's Decision no. 812 / 22.05.2018 on the establishment of the maximum price for the universal service for the last resort supplier CEZ Vânzare S.A.;
- ANRE President's Decision no. 813 / 22.05.2018 on the setting of the maximum price for universal service for the last resort supplier Electrica Furnizare S.A.;
- ANRE President's Decision no. 814 / 22.05.2018 on the setting of the maximum price for the universal service for the last resort supplier Enel Energie S.A.;
- ANRE President's Decision no. 815 / 22.05.2018 on the setting of the maximum price for the universal service for the last resort supplier Enel Energie Muntenia S.A.;
- ANRE President's Decision no. 816 / 22.05.2018 on the establishment of the maximum price for the universal service for the last resort supplier E.ON Energie România S.A.;

VI. EXPLANATIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

- **Internal consumption** is computed, in this report, as the sum of electricity delivered into the networks (with the below meaning) and the trade balance made on the basis of the import and export contract of the wholesale market participants.;
- **Consumption of final customers on US and SLR market** represents the consumption of customers supplied by the suppliers of last resort at CMC and SLR prices;
- **Consumption of final customers on competitive market** represents the consumption of customers supplied at negotiated prices or defined by standard bids;
- **Fuel consumption** represents the fuel consumed for generating electricity and heat in the power plants of monitored generators;
- **Self-consumption of generators** (in the graph regarding the revenues of CN Transelectrica SA) the self-consumption exclusively represents the generators consumption at consumption places other than the generation sites;
- **Electricity delivered into the grid** includes the electricity sold by the generators through direct lines or consumed by themselves at other consumption sites;
- **Electricity delivered into the grid according to the transport contract** is the electricity for which the transport service (the grid input component) is provided corresponding to the electricity delivered from the power plants with installed capacity of more than 5 MW connected to the transmission and distribution electric grids (according to ANRE President Order No. 89/2013); CNTEE Transelectrica SA charges for only a part of the respective electricity, given that in four of the grids the regional tariffs are zero (according to ANRE President Order No. 27/2016)

1. Abbreviation

1. MU – Monitoring Unit
2. WEM – Wholesale Electricity Market
3. REM – Retail Electricity Market
4. CMBC – Centralised Market of Bilateral Contracts
5. CMC – Competitive Market Component
6. DAM – Day Ahead Market
7. ID – Intraday Market
8. BM – Balancing Market
9. MCP – Market Clearing Price
10. PCSU – Centralised Market of Universal Service (Romanian abbreviation)
11. 4M MC – Price coupling mechanism for spot markets from Romania. Hungary. Slovakia and Czech Republic
12. BRP – Balancing Responsible Party
13. TG/TL – injection / extraction component of the transmission tariff
14. OU-NPD – Operational Unit-National Power Dispatch
15. US – Universal Service
16. DO – Distribution operator
17. SLR – Supplier of last resort
18. ATC – Available Transmission Capacity
19. DO – Distribution operator
20. SLR – Supplier of last resort
21. ATC – Available Transmission Capacity